Cambria Freeman.

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town, Sept. 2, 1868.-tf.

TICE TO LAND OWNERS.—

aving procured a perfect list of all e names, dates of warrants, and of the of the purchase money and the names ersons paying the same, with a com- ft made from the official records show- location of each tract of land, I am to procure patents from the Land Of- the owners of unpatented lands, under of Assembly of the 20th of May, 1864, supplement thereto, as required by the der of the Surveyor General.

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The Poet's Department.

NEVER GIVE UP!

Never give up! though the grape-shot may rattle,
Or the full thunder cloud over you burst;
Stand like a rock, and the storm or the battle
Little shall harm you, though doing their worst.

Never give up! it is wiser and better
Always to hope than once to despair!
Fling off the load of doubt's cankering fetter,
And break the dark spell of tyrannical care.

Never give up! there are chances and changes,
Helping the hopeful a hundred to one;
And, through the chaos High wisdom arranges
Ever success—if you'll only hope on.

Never give up! for the wisest is boldest,
Knowing that Providence mingles the cup;
And, of all maxims, the best as the oldest,
Is the true watchword of—Never give up!

Never give up! though the grape-shot may rattle,
Or the full thunder-cloud over you burst;
Stand like a rock, and the storm and the battle
Little shall harm you, though doing their worst.

Never give up! if adversity presses,
Providence wisely has mingled the cup;
And the best counsel, in all your distresses,
Is the stout watchward of—Never give up!

Tales, Sketches, Anecdotes, &c.

MIKE DONOVAN'S LOOKING-GLASS.

Mike Donovan was what I have sometimes heard my Irish friends call "a broth of a boy;" which I suppose means a kind-hearted, good-tempered, healthy, strong, honest lad. At all events, that was Mike Donovan's character. When Mike began the world he had, as most people would say, everything against him, for he was a little orphan lad, indebted for the bite and the sup to the village people, who had known his father and mother, and who, though poor themselves, were always ready to bring a blessing on their frugal meal, by sharing it with the hungry and the helpless.

But little merry, bare-footed Mike was soon able to work a bit for himself. He was so active that he would be sure to be doing mischief rather than nothing at all. So it was a capital thing for him that Larry Owen's cows had a bit of straying, and needed some one to watch them, and maybe tramp after them. Singing a little song which he had learned from a Clonmel pedlar, that began with—

"Oh weary's on money—oh weary's on wealth,
And sure we don't want them while we have our health,"

little Mike trudged merrily over the broad heath and up the mountain side after his cattle, caring no more for his scanty garments and his naked feet than a bird does when he sits on a wet branch and sings.

Everybody's heart warmed to the boy. That is, you know, everybody that had a heart worth speaking about. In particular that same old pedlar, who taught Mike the song. Some of this man's sayings took firm hold of the boy's mind. Once Mike was taking a drink of butter milk at a cottage door, when the pedlar was selling to the mistress a little slip of looking-glass to show her how her Sunday cap set, and he said as he put the price of it in his pocket: "Now, ma'am, let me tell you that it is in the power of you and your good man, both of ye, to see the finest sight in the world every day of your lives." "How so?" says she. "Why, ma'am, if you can both say when you look in that glass I see an *honest face!* Sure, didn't a famous poet say—

'An honest man's the noblest work of God.'"

Mike drank up more than the butter milk just then, for his mind drank in that saying.

Now there was a sweet, cool spot that, on blazing summer days, Mike dearly loved. Rising among flags in a nook on the mountain-side, was a clear, bright spring, of the purest water. Often and often the boy went there and dipped in his face, took a drink and a cooler at the same time, and he would shake off the sparkling drops from his shining cheeks, and clustering hair, as the sky-lark scatters the dew from its fluttering wings. Looking into his clear, deep well; Mike could see his face, and the pedlar's words came to his mind about an honest face; and the wish grew strong in his heart (as many a year after he would tell those he loved) that whatever his lot in life might be, he might be honest and true, and never ashamed to see his own face in that pool—God's hillside mirror.

It was a good wish, and it came to pass. Not by merely wishing though, as I have known some foolish maidens think when they have gone to what they call wishing wells,* and came back no wiser than they went.

Mike strove to be honest; to do his duty by Larry Owen's cattle, and to be steady as well as ready.

His friend, the old pedlar, died. Mike never saw him after that time when he gave the elegant speech on the looking-glass, which, of course, made Mike remember the saying all the more, for a grateful heart never forgets the last words of a friend.

By and by, when Mike was about fifteen, and had saved up four shillings, he began to think of bettering himself. So he left Larry Owen's service, giving and taking a blessing, and a good character. Mike bought a little stock of haberdashery, and set out to sell it in remote villages, and at lonely farm houses. He took up, in a small way, the trade of his old friend, the pedlar. It was hard work to make a crust. But Mike did not mind hard work. One thing he resolved, if he lived on sea-weed, he would pay his way. By degrees he increased his stock, and was so punctual and civil, that the warehouses he dealt with let him have a better stock on credit. He now worked harder than ever, and soon he managed to have a full pack, and to drive a smart trade.

One morning, he came to pay £2, and to have a fresh stock. A young man in the wholesale shop had just been to the bank to fetch £300. Seeing Mike in haste to be served, the shopman laid down his money on the counter, and forgot it. When Mike's parcel was packed, the notes somehow got rolled up with his goods. Away went Mike at his smartest pace with his pack on his back, and never stopped till he had gone twenty miles. Then being at a populous village, he began to open and look over his stock. Lo! and behold there was the three hundred pounds. Mike had never seen more than two or three one pound notes in his lifetime. He rubbed his eyes, and wondered mightily how in the world the money got there. "I'm in luck!" said he, "I needn't suffer the hunger, or the toil any more: carrying this weary pack for miles and miles, in all weathers, and sure there's a power of bad weather. It's mostly hot, or cold, or wet, that I am—year in and year out. I can now go to America. There's a ship sails to-morrow morning from Waterford. I'll go in her and buy me a farm out yonder, and make myself comfortable." With these words, which I call *the devil's whisper* in his ear, poor Mike went to bed. He could not sleep—there he lay hot and tossing. Ah, how different from the sound sweet sleep of honesty. It was a strong temptation; but Mike's love for honesty, like a good angel, did battle with the evil one. "The money is not mine," sounded in the depths of his soul. "To take it is to rob. Some one, may be, is, even now, in bitter trouble about it. And yet I didn't steal it, I don't know how it came into my pack. Why should I throw up such luck?" Somehow he thought of the little mountain spring, and "Shall I be ashamed to look myself in the face?" said he—"never. God helping me, never!"

Up he got and away—twenty miles honest tramp. Foot-sore, yet light of heart, he entered the store. "Why, Mike, what brings you here again, so soon? I thought you had made all your market yesterday," said the owner as he looked at him. "True, sir, but I am come to ask, did you lose some money yesterday?"

Yes, the poor young man was suffering bitterly for his carelessness. He was that day to have been examined about the matter. If he had been proved guilty, he would certainly have lost his place and his character. Mike opened his pack and at once restored the money.

Was that all Mike's history? No—the owner of the shop was so pleased, that he offered, if Mike now any town in his walk where a shop in his trade was wanted, to put Mike into it, and stock it on credit for him. There was a place Mike knew of where there was a good opening. With all speed a house was taken, a shop opened, and Mike was established. The blessing was on him and he prospered. He paid for his stock, his trade increased, he made money—and what was the best of all, made it *honestly*. There came a time when Mike could buy a farm, not in America, but in his native land. In the Encumbered Estates Court there was the very land to be sold on which he had worked as a herd boy, and where the clear bright well was that had in former days served Mike as a looking-glass, and given him as we have seen, more than one good reflection. Was it not a joy that when he called it his own, and looked into its clear depths once more, instead of being ashamed to see his face, he could remember without a blush, his friend the pedlar's words—

"An honest man's the noblest work of God!"

Thy purse had better be empty than filled with other folks' money. Knavery may serve a turn, but honesty is the best in the end.

* Some lovely springs in different parts of Ireland are so called.

UNCONSCIOUS HEROISM.—One dark night, not long ago, a burglar entered a private house on Sixth avenue. On ascending one flight of stairs he observed a light in a chamber, and while hesitating what to do, a large woman suddenly descended upon him, seized him by the throat, forced him down through the hall, and pushed him into the street before he had time to think. "Heroic repulse of a burglar by a woman," was the way the story appeared in the papers next day. But when friends called and congratulated her upon her courage, she exclaimed, "Goodness gracious! I didn't know he was a burglar. If I had, I should have been frightened half to death. I thought it was my husband, came home drunk again, and I was determined he shouldn't stay in the house in that condition."

JOHN PHOENIX once hailed a German who was driving a baker's wagon on Montgomery street, San Francisco, with "Hallo, I'll take one."

"Vat you take?" said Teuton, pulling up. "A baked eagle," said Phoenix, pointing to "Eagle Bakery," painted on the wagon.

Mr. Stephen Girard's Wonderful Dreams.

Stephen Girard was one of the most remarkable men who ever lived. Philadelphia, the city where he amassed his great fortune in business, was the recipient of his munificent bounty at his death, and his name and memory are well preserved in the Girard College, Girard Row, Girard Avenue, Girard Bank, Girard Insurance Company, Girard House, etc. At Girard College, where the support and education of some five hundred orphan and half-orphan boys are provided for, there is a marble statue of Mr. Girard, which represents him with exact fidelity to his appearance in life. He was of short stature, a benevolent smile, and had a shrewd face. He wore a large, peculiar coat, and his hair was tied in a queue.—His whole life was marked by eccentricities, which in no particular were more observable than in his occasional acts of benevolence.

In his office was a young man as clerk, who attended to his duties very intelligently and faithfully. This had attracted the attention of Mr. Girard, for nothing escaped him. One morning he came into the office, and calling the clerk, remarked:

"Young man, I dreamed of you last night."

"Dreamed of me," returned the clerk, in surprise.

"Yes; I saw a form, and heard a voice, The form was your own, and the voice said: 'This young man is your best clerk, but he should be a cooper. Merchants fail, but coopers are always sure of a living by their trade.' So you must leave me and learn to be a first-rate cooper. I never go contrary to my dreams. They often teach me how to proceed. I trust in them as I do my own judgement, and I obey them conscientiously. Go and get a place to learn the trade of a cooper, and when you can make a barrel come and see me again."

The clerk was, of course, greatly astonished. But he had no fear of toil, and knew that he would lose nothing, in any event, by falling in with the directions of Mr. Girard. Accordingly he settled up his affairs at the office, and in a few days engaged with Mr. Girard's cooper to learn the trade. During a long period he kept steadily at work, and made excellent progress.

Meanwhile Mr. Girard had not forgotten him. He often saw the young man in his overalls at work on the wharves, and he always spoke encouragingly to him. He had not made up his mind as to what he would do for him, but he was greatly pleased at the successful carrying out of his dream. On one occasion as he came from the wharf he muttered:

"My young cooper is doing well. He is a man, every inch of him. I must give him a helping hand."

A few nights subsequently the good old man was sleeping calmly in his humble-looking apartment. His real wealth did not show itself in anything about him. The furniture was old-fashioned, and all the surroundings were strictly after the plain taste of the owner. As he slumbered his countenance was calm, and without the trace of a single care. At times a slight smile flitted over his face, and he seemed to be in a pleasant dream. His slumbers continued for a considerable time, when he suddenly awoke. He rubbed his eyes and then spoke.

"Ah, ha!" he said, "I've had a dream again about my young cooper. I thought that I'd hear something about him again. There is a good spirit looking after his welfare, surely. 'When he finishes his apprenticeship, and is a good cooper, give him twenty thousand dollars to start in business,' whispered the voice in my ear. Of course I will. He is worthy of encouragement. The money will go into good hands. Of course I'll give it to him, but in my own way. Ha, ha; I've a plan for that."

Soon the old man dropped into slumber again. He had the same calm countenance, and the same serene smile. His life was devoid of all evil, and his dreams were of good deeds in store for the future.

Time passed on. One day the young man came into Mr. Girard's office. He was in the garb of a mechanic, and he looked healthful and sinewy from manual labor.

"Good day, Mr. Girard," he said, as the old gentleman turned to him with a warm greeting. "I have come to tell you that I am a good cooper now. I've served my entire time."

"Can you make a good barrel?"

"As good as any cooper in Philadelphia."

"Make me twenty, and bring them here yourself."

The young man went off, and in an hour was hard at work at the barrels.—He was really a superior workman, and when the twenty barrels were completed they were the admiration of all in the shop. When they had been placed in Mr. Girard's store he examined every one of them with the closest scrutiny. He looked at the staves, the hoops, the heads, the shape, the cutting, and the driving, and in the end remarked to the young cooper, who was anxiously waiting for his verdict:

"They are good barrels. I never saw better. You have learned your trade, and done your part faithfully. Come into the counting-room, and I'll now do mine."

The couple went into the office. The old man's face was beaming with pleasure and satisfaction, and the young man's was flushed and pale by turns from the peculiar circumstances of the moment.—Mr. Girard took down his check-book, and wrote a check. This he cut out, and then, turning to the young man, said:

"My young friend, listen to me. Your fidelity, promptness, and energy early attracted my attention. Then I had the dream about you that I mentioned to you a long time ago. You acted with alacrity upon the suggestion made in consequence of that dream, and to-day you stand before me skilled in a trade. I have dreamed of you in the meantime. A good spirit whispered into my ear to give you twenty thousand dollars. You have made for me twenty superior barrels, for which I will now pay you one thousand dollars each, making twenty thousand in all."

Mr. Girard at this juncture placed in the hand of the agitated young man the check he prepared.

"Now," he continued, "you have the capital to commence business as a merchant, if you see fit. Should disaster overtake you go to your trade again."

The young man broke forth in a torrent of thanks, but Mr. Girard abruptly stopped him, saying:

"You lose interest on your money while you talk. I have fulfilled my dreams, and done justice to you. Good morning."

Here this strange interview ended.—The young man went away with the deepest gratitude in his heart, and a resolution to make a name in business worthy of the respect of his generous benefactor. He subsequently became one of first merchants of Philadelphia. This incident is one of the most singular in the history of Mr. Girard, and no less in the annals of dreams.—*N. Y. Weekly.*

A PEOPLE ON STILTS.—The pictures of Rosa Bonheur have made us well acquainted with the singular habits which the shepherds of the lands south of Bordeau have adopted of passing the greater part of their lives on stilts. The first time that a group of these people are seen there is a curious emotion in the mind, as of a strange prodigy. Dressed in sheepskins, worn by time, knitting stockings or spinning thread, they gravely pass over the reeds and furz—the spectator buried, as it were, in the bushes; they lifted nearer the sky, on the verge of the horizon. The long stick, which they handle with so much address, serving as a balancing pole or a support for the arm, contributes to the strangeness of their appearance; they look like gigantic crickets, preparing to spring. In the lands, not only the shepherds, but every one, uses this style of locomotion; the children have no fear, and the women, who are invariably dressed in black, resemble large ravens perched on dead branches.

The origin of stilts is unknown, but it is probable they were not in use before the middle ages, as authors make no mention of them. In the patois of the country they are called change, which would seem to fix their origin in the period of the rule of the English, deriving it from our word shank; probably some inventive English mind gave them this serviceable mode of progression. Perched on these borrowed legs the shepherd watches over his charge, concealed in the brushwood, crosses uninjured the marshes and quicksands, fears not to be torn by thorns or dry twigs, and can at any time double the speed at which he ordinarily walks. Whether it has any effect on the character cannot be denied; but certain it is that these people are distinguished by their wild, savage nature. They have a horror for strangers and when they perceive a traveler coming toward them, they hasten to flee into concealment.—*Chambers' Journal.*

WHAT CAN THE GIRLS DO?—There are many noble examples of what girls often perform, when poverty holds its meagre mantle over them, of which the following is an instance:

A Cincinnati press states that three years ago a poor orphan girl applied and was admitted to set type for that paper. She worked two years, during which time she earned, besides her board, about $200; and, availing herself of the privileges which the printing office afforded, acquiring a good education. She is now associate editress of a popular paper, and is engaged to be married to one of the smartest lawyers in Ohio. Such a girl is bound to shine and eclipse tens of thousands who are educated in the lap of luxury, and taught all the "accomplishments" of the boarding school. Such a wife will be a jewel to her husband, an ornament to society, and an honor to her sex and her country.

AN editor who was evidently insane, or had a strong and vivid imagination, recently got off the following appropriate item:

I had a dream the other night,
When everything was still;
I dreamed each advertiser
Came up and paid his bill.
Each wore a look of honesty,
And smiles were around each eye,
As they handed out the stamps,
Saying, "How is this for high?"

—"How many are there av ye's down there?" shouted an Irish overseer to some men in a coal pit. "Five," was the answer. "Well, then, the half av ye's to come up here," said he.

THE CARPENTER.—Besides being very much useful, we might say an indispensible man, in this community we look upon the carpenter as a soother and peacemaker, for after the architect has formed ofttimes wicked designs upon your house, and puzzled you with the Corinthian, the Ionic, the Doric, proto-Doric and hunki-Dorie; bewildered you among porticos and columns, and foliated capitals, and entablatures, and architraves, and flutes and cornices, and palisters, and facades, and exasperated you with his spandrils and traceries, and cinque centos, and corbels, and trefoils, and pendentives, and other architechnicalities you don't know anything at all about, the carpenter steps in and puts your house in a good frame—makes everything plane, as it were, with the addition, perhaps, of his square, chalk-line and scratch-awl, adze, saw and a few other trifling articles from his tool chest. Without the carpenter to plan and put together, your house would be in no frame to receive the joiner and the paper-hanger, and various other representatives of the mechanic arts, who are dependent upon his movements. So you see the important position he fills.

Although nothing but a mechanic, yet the carpenter is admitted into our very best houses, and is often consulted regarding their arrangements. The rich and proud, who live in "struck-up" houses, have to get the carpenter to stick 'em up. The carpenter gets up a great many stories on such people. We have known him to get up five stories and a Mansard roof.

Carpenters have a knack of accumulating. There is a Carpenter's Shavings Bank back of nearly every carpenter shop, where they deposit their shavings. The poor are often allowed to draw on that bank (if they don't draw off a wagon load) and no interest charged. Little shavers are not considered of much account among carpenters, as this is a profession in which a workman is known by his shavings.

The carpenter is charitably disposed toward his fellows. He is not looking for a mote in his brother's optic, because there is usually a beam, or at least a scantling in his own eye, or if by chance he should discover the mote, he would simply remark, "So mote it be."

Several distinguished men began their career as carpenters. There was the "Carpenter of Rouen." We don't know how he happened to be in *ruin*, but think it was through drink. Then there is Mr. Carpenter, of the celebrated and well known firm of Carpenter & Joiner, whose joint transactions are carried on all over the world; and there is Matt Carpenter, Senator from Wisconsin, who don't frame buildings, but who helps to frame laws.

Carpenters are a hard-working, industrious set of men, and probably do more than any other class, unless we except the bricklayers, to build up a city. Don't carp at the carpenter.

WONDERS OF THE TELEGRAPH.—The press dispatches from Europe to New York, during the last four weeks, numbered about one hundred thousand words. New York has been better posted on the issue of the war each day than London, Paris or Berlin. These dispatches have nearly all been sent by a single cable, full one-third of the whole to a single daily paper, and with marvelous rapidity and accuracy. Familiar as we are with the work of the telegraph, it has been a marvel to us. To hundreds of thousands of minds the whole work is and has been a deep enigma. Here is a man sitting in a dark room at Heart's Content. The ocean cable terminates here. A fine wire attached thereto is made to surround two small cores of soft iron. As the electric wave, produced by a few pieces of copper and zinc at Valentia, passes through the wires, these cores become magnetic enough to move the slightest object. A looking-glass half an inch in diameter, is fixed on a bar of iron one-tenth of an inch square and half an inch long. On this tiny glass a lamp is made to glare so that its light is reflected on a tablet on the wall. The language of the cable is denoted by the shifting of this reflected light from side to side. Letter by letter is thus expressed in this fitting idiom in utter silence on the wall. There is no record made by the machine except as the patient watcher calls out to a comrade the translated flashes as they come, and which he records. It seems a miracle of patience. There is something of awe creeps over us as we see the evidence of a human touch 3,000 miles away swaying that line of light. By such a delicate process as this, and after being repeated from line to line, five times before its ultimate copy is in New York, have the late great battles been recorded in our daily papers with great particularity and sent throughout the Union. Nothing like it has ever before been accomplished. The enterprise of the New York press, of a single press in New York, has eclipsed that of the wealthiest and ablest presses in Europe. It is characteristic of the nation to do its work grandly and well.—*Journal of the Telegraph.*

A FEW DAYS since a school master was teaching a six-years-old boy the alphabet, and found that the little fellow staggered when he came to "I." "What is that letter, Johnny?" said the pedagogue. "Don't know," squeaked the urchin. "Yes you do," put in the teacher. "What have I got on either side of my nose, Johnny?" "Paddy blossoms; so father says," rejoined the pupil, and took his seat instanter.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY MORNING, : : NOV. 3, 1870.

The Ravings of a Defeated Political Traitor.

The last Johnstown *Democrat*, editorially and Bismarckically, rants most furiously about the Chairman of the Democratic County Committee. Both articles are from the same gifted *pen!* The same *Wood-ruffianly* style pervades them both. Their paternity is the same. They are both the dying ravings, the death-rattle of the "Old Captain."

We doubt not, Mr. Johnston will plead "guilty" to the offences of his youth, such as being a "collier," and a "schoolmaster;" and he might have added, "wood chopper"! Why the poorest "collier" in Cambria county would refuse to sell his press and his principles as Woodruff has done; the poorest "wood chopper" would swing his axe till the last day of his life rather than betray those who confided in him. As to the other sin of being a "schoolmaster"—well *he* was abroad when Woodruff wrote those articles.

We hold that the position of a "collier," a "wood chopper" or a "schoolmaster," is just as honorable as that of an editor or a lawyer. We believe with the poet, that

"Honor or shame from no condition rise:
Act well your part—there all the honor lies."

But Woodruff don't. He reproaches Mr. Johnston with what Mr. Johnston is, or should be proud of. For Woodruff the lines of the poet should be altered thus: *We* believe that

"Honor or shame from no condition rise";
But Woodruff don't, and therefore Woodruff lies.

As to the rest of the trash about Mr. Johnston—so silly, so false, that even the Republican papers of the county and district have for years refused to publish it; but which Woodruff now in the imbecility of his grief reproduces, we have nothing to say. It is not our business to say what Mr. Johnston has been, what he has wanted to be, or what he will be.—We do know however that he is a Democrat *now*, and in this he has greatly the advantage of Woodruff. We pity Woodruff, but he will not re-instate himself in the party he has betrayed and forsaken by abusing the Democratic organization. His sin has been great—so should his atonement be great. But he never can be restored while he attempts to justify his own treason.

If, then, Mr. Johnston, has a proper amount of self respect he can have no *personal* altercation with Woodruff. If ever Mr. Johnston gets as low, in the social and political scale as the unfortunate and unhappy editor of the *Democrat* is, then they can wage war on equal terms.

When Mr. Johnston shall allow his bondsmen to be sued for his neglect of official duties—when he shall basely betray the friends who confided in him—when he shall agree to take a nomination for removal or against removal, and run on either side of the question—when he is willing to run on a ticket with Know Nothings—when he shall prevail on a respectable young gentleman, like Francis Cramer, to sacrifice himself for his benefit, by promising him 700 majority in Johnstown—when he shall eat the Poor House bread and afterwards abuse the Poor House—when he abuses a worthy priest for correcting a falsehood in his paper—when he shall receive a nomination from a meeting that gives three cheers for Daniel J. Morrell—when, we say, Mr Johnston shall get low enough to do all these things—*then*, and not till then, will he be degraded enough to hold a personal controversy with H. D. Woodruff.

THE notorious Whittemore has been defeated for Congress in the first South Carolina District, by a negro named *Rainey*. It would therefore seem that in the hour of his deepest tribulation, his former negro allies went back on that immaculate patriot and shining light in the carpet bag church. To other negroes were also elected to Congress from the same State, also a negro Lieutenant Governor and a majority of negro members to the Legislature. We infer from this *dark* array of talent and statesmanship, that the proceedings of the Legislature of the "Palmetto State," at its approaching session, will be decidedly "rich, rare and racy."

THE Harrisburg "State Journal," the organ of Gov. Geary, is more honest and candid than the other leading Radical papers in the State. It prints the votes by counties for the different Congressional candidates, and conclusively shows by its figures, taken from the official vote, that the Democratic party had a clear majority in the State of *two thousand six hundred and sixty-one* (2,661). We will accept the conclusion arrived at by the Journal, as it is entirely satisfactory.

GOV. GEARY has issued his proclamation recommending that Thursday, Nov. 24th, be observed as a day of thanksgiving and praise to Almighty God for the blessings, ends and uses set forth in the proclamation issued by President Grant on the 21st ul.

The End Reached.

In the last issue of the Johnstown *Democrat* the senior editor of that mendacious journal, by one bold and reckless plunge, descended into a more profound depth of editorial infamy than he had ever before, by the most persistent efforts, succeeded in reaching. In his own peculiar, but natural sphere, he now stands unrivalled, unapproachable. In its palmiest days, that once scurrilous and libellous sheet, known as the Pittsburg Jakey, the shame and disgrace of its time, never succeeded in soaring higher into the regions of pure and unadulterated blackguardism than did the editor of the *Democrat*, in that model number of *his* "Jakey." Even a stranger, fortunate enough *not* to know him, after having read the foul and nasty columns of that issue, would instinctively conclude that his heart is as black as Erebus and that his very touch is pollution. When he was ingloriously and *forever* defeated by the freemen of Cambria county at the late election, as the removal candidate for assembly, it was expected that he would quietly yield in humble submission to the expressed will of the people whose suffrages he had sought, and that he would nurse his venom and his wrath, until he would again become a candidate for the same office, as he proposes to do, next October. But this was not to be, for in the meantime, Othello's occupation would be gone. The dirty work of calumny and defamation so congenial to all his low instincts must therefore be diligently prosecuted. So, not content with attempting to blacken the reputation of laymen, he aims higher and makes a vulgar, unmanly and indecent attack upon the respected and gentlemanly pastor of the Catholic congregation in this place—a man who never harmed him, and who never placed a straw across his path. Let him go on—let him continue to hawk at and tear private character—let him seek "fresh fields and pastures new" in the wide domain of personal abuse and falsehood—let him swim in a sea of detraction—he will be permitted to wallow in his natural and beloved mire undisturbed either by us or by the objects of his hatred and abuse in Ebensburg.—We now say to this Perry county carpet-bagger, that in the future, in as much as one cannot touch pitch without being defiled, whatever his depraved heart may conceive and his libellous pen may utter against us, or any of the citizens of this place, however base, vile and unfounded it may be, will be treated with silent and supreme contempt. Neglected calumny soon expires.

"Cease, viper, you gnaw at a *file*."

Judge Taylor and the District Court.

A case has very recently been decided by the Supreme Court of this State, which will relieve Judge Taylor from hereafter acting as the President Judge of the District Court at Johnstown. The case was this: By an act of the Legislature of April 15th, 1866, a Mayor's Court was established for the city of Scranton, in Luzerne county. By that act Judge Conyngham, the President Judge of the several Courts of Luzerne county, became Recorder, or, in the other words, the Presiding Judge of the aforesaid Mayor's Court, just as Judge Taylor, by the act of Assembly erecting the District Court of Cambria county, was made the President Judge of said District Court. The question before the Supreme Court, in the case referred to, was, Has the Legislature any power under the Constitution to appoint a Judge of a Court of Record in this Commonwealth? The Supreme Court in disposing of the case quoted Section 2, Article 6, of the Constitution as amended in 1850, and which is as follows:

"The Judges of the Supreme Court of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, shall be elected by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth, in the manner following, to wit: The Judges of the Supreme Court by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth at large; the President Judge of the several Courts of Common Pleas and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be learned in the law, by the qualified electors of the respective districts over which they are to preside or act as Judges."

The Court then proceeded to decide that the Mayor's Court at Scranton, in view of the provisions of the act establishing it and the nature and extent of its jurisdiction, is a Court of Record, and that, therefore, in pursuance of the Constitutional provision quoted above, the President Judge of said Court must be "elected by the qualified electors of the district over which he is to preside or act as Judge," and that he cannot be *appointed* to fill that position by an act of the Legislature. The District Court of Cambria being also a Court of Record, it necessarily follows that Judge Taylor cannot, under the Constitution, discharge the duties of its Presiding Judge. These are the two points decided by the Court.

What will be done in the premises we are not prepared to say. The District Court in its inception was peculiarly a Johnstown institution, and we have no doubt that the citizens of that great and important "commercial centre" will be abundantly able to take proper care of it.

BUFFALO felt another earthquake shock, short but short, Tuesday afternoon.

The War Record.

[*From Monday's N. Y. World.*]

Almost the only news of interest and importance from the seat of war is in the details of the surrender of Metz by Marshal Bazaine. By it the flower of the French army, including the Imperial Guards and one of the strongest fortresses in the world, have been given away to the Germans.

It is not much to say advisedly given away, because Bazine had 150,000 effective men left, was supplied as yet with several weeks' provisions, and there was no lack of ammunition or arms and artillery. The capitulation comprises 173,000 men, of which 20,000 are wounded, 6,000 officers, sixty generals, three marshals, 3,000 cannon, and an immense war material, besides a war chest containing 40,000,000 francs, equivalent to $8,000,000. The entry of Prince Frederic Charles, at the head of his army, is said to have been very imposing, and immediately after it several army corps began to take up their march to Paris. The capitulation has created a profound sensation not only in France, but also in Germany. The French government and people are indignant, and plainly call it treason. The Germans are "astonished" at their own luck and success.

At Paris things are unusually quiet and uninteresting. The Germans keep at a respectful distance from the forts in daytime, but are said to be very busy in the night in perfecting their approaches. The French watch them closely, and shell them occasionally, but have lately made no sorties of any importance. The army of the Loire is said to be ready to take the field and commence active operations against the Prussian rear, but, owing to the liberation of so large an army as that of Prince Frederic Charles's it is most likely that the whole plan of campaign will at once be changed.

Garibaldi's success in the east continues unabated. The government at Tours has issued a proclamation denouncing the surrender of Metz, and calling France to renewed efforts. Official reports state the German loss up to October 4 to be about 50,000 killed, wounded, and missing, but this is understood, even in Germany, to be very much within the truth.

[*From Tuesday's World.*]

A cry of dismay, indignation, and rage is rising in all parts of France against the cowardly treachery of Marshal Bazaine in surrendering so strong a fortress as Metz and a fine army of 150,000 men, more or less, at this the most critical moment of the war, when the fate of Paris and the completion of the organizations of the various new armies of France depended in so great a measure upon his holding out and fighting to the very last. At the same time it appears that far from being demoralized or even disheartened by this latest and greatest misfortune which has befallen the French armies, the Republican government is using all possible efforts to carry on the war, north, south, east and west with the utmost energy. Gen. Bourbaki in the north has issued a stirring address to his army preparatory to taking the field. General Ernest, one of the very best French generals has been appointed to command in the east; and a considerable army is said to be ready to march upon Paris from the south. The progress of the Germans from the east is slow, and they have only reached Dijon, in the Department of the Cote D'Or, not far from Besancon, where they were reported as being a week ago. In the north they have halted before Amiens. At Paris everything has been quiet lately; but if the news is to be relied upon, the German Princes are to be treated to day to a great spectacle—the bombardment of Paris. It is very doubtful whether this be true, for all the movement on the part of King William and General von Moltke indicate that Paris is to be starved and not bombarded into submission. Up to now, however, there have been no signs of her readiness to do so. On the contrary, General Trochu has made another sortie in the direction of St. Denis, and in London the opinion prevails that Paris will offer a stout resistance.

WASHINGTON, October 25, 1870.

EX Representative Cessna, of the Sixteenth Pennsylvania District, was in the city on Saturday, and has indicated his intention to contest the election of his opponent, who has a majority of fifteen votes. Mr. Cessna proposes to show that a large number of voters were colonized against him from Franklin and Somerset counties.

The above dispatch simply shows that John Cessna has less brains, but not less *cheek*, than he gets credit for. Why should "a large number of *voters*" be colonized against him from Franklin and Somerset counties, *two* of the counties composing his own district? If they were *voters* in their own counties, as the dispatch concedes they were, why would they leave them and go to Fulton and Bedford counties to vote for Meyers, the man of their choice? They could have done *that* in Franklin and Somerset counties Cessna was fairly whipped in a square stand up fight, although he had the aid of at least *six hundred* negro votes, and now, like a drowning man, he is grasping at straws.

AN election for Governor, three Congressmen and members of the Legislature was held in West Virginia on Thursday, last. The result proves to have been a decided and glorious Democratic victory, and so far as the Congressional ticket was concerned, is a gain of *two* Democratic members. The following dispatch to the Harrisburg *Patriot* tells the whole story:

WHEELING, October 29—2.30 P. M.—The Democrats have just elected the Legislature, ensuring a United States Senator. Davis and Herford are elected to Congress. The election of the Democratic State ticket is conceded by the Radicals by about 2,500. REGISTER.

Now for a genuine Democratic earthquake in New York on Tuesday next.

Pre-Eminent Effrontery.

There is one thing in which the editors of the Johnstown *Democrat* can claim pre-eminence—effrontery. The Senior editor of that paper either lent or hired himself to forward a movement, the express purpose of which was to elect a Republican candidate to Congress in this district, a movement against which, so far as the Republican actors in it are concerned, we have nothing to say.—They were playing a desperate game to save their candidate from defeat, for which we do not condemn them. But what of the men who, professing to be Democrats, assisted in this conspiracy to defeat their own candidate? There were it is true many Democrats who were deceived and led astray on the Removal issue, through the false teaching of a few aspirants for political preferment, who basely deserted the standard of their party and went over to the enemy with a full knowledge of what they were doing. And now for the Senior editor of the Democrat, who was chief of the recreants, after having failed in his treachery to accomplish the base design, to make it appear that he was the friend of Mr. Speer, and that the disaffection among the Democrats of the county was caused by Robert L. Johnston and others, is pre-eminently effrontery.

The editorial and anonymous articles in this week's *Democrat*, aside from their cruel and infamous assaults upon the character of Mr. Johnston, are extremely undignified and unmanly, and come with exceeding bad grace from the man who can never repair the harm he has done the Democracy of Cambria county. It is perfectly well known, that the Republican gentlemen to whom the editor of the Democrat hired himself, were the avowed friends of Mr. Morrell, and that the great purpose of the movement was to save him from defeat. So notorious was this fact, and so well was it known to the editor of the Democrat, that up to the time he flopped over, he denounced the movement as one organized expressly to carry Mr. Morrell's election, and so cautioned the Democracy against it. After having acted the part he did in the Republican movement to defeat the Democratic candidate for Congress, it is contemptible in Mr. Woodruff to deny his record and claim to be what he palpably has not been, the friend and supporter of Mr. Speer. It would have been much wiser for Mr. Woodruff to have retained him to his first position, and it would even now be much more manly in him to acknowledge his error, ask forgiveness for the great harm he has done his party, and promise future good behavior, than to attempt to screen his perfidity by traducing and vilifying the best men in the party.—*Johnstown Echo.*

A Meteoric Explosion.

From the Troy Times, October 25.

We yesterday noticed briefly the meteor which was observed in this vicinity on Sunday morning last, at six o'clock. The phenomenon seems to have been one of extraordinary character—something attending with results quite unusual in meteoric bodies. Wherever noticed it was accompanied by a low rumbling sound in the earth, and at Bennington people supposed that a repetition of Thursday's earthquake had occurred. The Saratogian describes its appearance near the village of Saratoga Springs:

"Something is wrong down below." Either the earth has got the cholic or is going to have it. Friday's quake was a bad symptom, but the thing seems to be not ended yet. Here comes Jefferson Ramsdell, who resides on the West shore of Saratoga Lake, about three-quarters of a mile below Moon's, and reports that early Sunday morning, before the sun was up, he being out doors at the time his attention was arrested by a low, deep rumbling sound, as if from the very bowels of the earth. The noise had hardly ceased when he saw an immense meteor, appearing as large as a man's hand, shooting swiftly across the firmament from north to south. Just as it reached the southern limit of vision it appeared to split up and divided into several parts. The noise and the meteor was heard and seen by several persons beside Mr. Ramsdell.

But the most remarkable phenomena connected with the meteor were seen at North Adams. Here the citizens were greatly alarmed, and supposed from the rumbling and tremor of the earth that the glycerine works at Hoosac tunnel had been blown up. But it turned out from the observation of numbers of persons that the meteor burst in that vicinity, and that it was the cause of the commotion. The explosion shook the buildings and earth for miles around. Truly, with earthquakes and meteors, and gales and other phenomena, the year 1870 is one that cannot be sneezed at.

THIS seems to be peculiarly a season of marine hurricanes. The storm of nearly two weeks ago, in which the ill fated "Cambria" went down, seemed to have visited nearly every portion of the Atlantic ocean, being particularly severe in our Southern seaboard. All along our Southern seacoast these storms have been more or less severe, and on Tuesday night of last week six vessels were wrecked in the harbor of Key West, Florida. The number of lives lost in the various disasters reported must be immense. There now scarcely exists any hope, even with the most sanguine, for the safety of the unfortunate passengers on the "Cambria." Two weeks have almost elapsed since the loss of the vessel, and yet there are no tidings of the safety of more than one person.

—Three years ago a man named Cahoon was appointed Mayor of Richmond, by Gen. Schofield. Subsequently, he was a candidate before the people for the same office, and defeated. All this time he was endorsed by the loyal press of the North as a model man, and held up as the kind of a man necessary to be kept in office in the South by bayonets. On Thursday last this same Cahoon was found guilty of forgery, by which he defrauded the State out of seven thousand dollars, and sentenced to the State Prison for four years. And thus ends the career of a "trooly loil" man and model Radical office-holder.—*Age.*

—One of the greatest curiosities of the age is now on exhibition at the Fair Ground, in the form of a full-blooded negro child fifteen months old, half of whose body is pure white, and the other pure black. The child was born on the farm of Mr. Shearer, in Appomattox county, and is certainly one of the most singular specimens of human kind that has ever been known.—*Lynchburg News.*

Political and News Items.

—Negro and all other kind of Republican candidates for Congress were elected in South Carolina the other day.

—Two magazines containing fifteen thousand pounds of nitro-glycerine, exploded at Freeport, O., on Tuesday afternoon of this week, literally blowing four men to atoms.

—Four thousand U. S. soldiers to overthrow the Democratic majority in New York, but not one hundred to protect the settlers in Arizona from the Indians. 'Raw for Grant.

—Windsor township, Berks county, gave at the late election one hundred and seventy-nine democratic votes and one republican vote. There was no ballot-box stuffing either.

—There is in Spring township, Crawford county, a wild grape vine measuring four feet in circumference near the ground, and three branches measuring respectively twenty-two, twenty-one and twelve inches.

—Two fatal accidents occurred in Snyder county last week. William Hummel, aged ten years, was kicked in the throat by a horse, and died in three hours. A son of Edward Row, of Penn township, was run over by a wagon, and died from the effects of his injuries.

—A dog, having all the proclivities of a cat, is now in the possession of Mr. Jacob Maas, of Caseyville, Illinois. The paw and feet are of the feline character, while the rest of the body is wholly canine. The above fact is vouched for by some of the most prominent citizens of Caseyville.

—Mrs. Esther M. Davis, of Cedar Rapids, Iowa, who left her husband because he was too lazy to work, and was in the habit of whipping her seven times a week, announces that the situation is open. A copy of the Cedar Rapids women wants to try him on.

—Colonel Giles, an elderly gentleman of high standing in Maryland, was arrested at night, and taken twenty miles to jail through a rain storm, for alleged interference with elections. The United States Commissioner gave him the poor satisfaction of an honorable discharge.

—A melancholy scene was witnessed at the railroad depot in Oshkosh, Wis., the other evening. A young man who had left the city four days previously on his wedding tour, had returned with the dead body of his bride, and was assisting to remove it from the train to a hearse.

—A clergyman reading a chapter of the Bible for his congregation, found himself at the bottom of the page with three words:—"And the Lord gave Noah a wife:" then, turning over two pages instead of one, he continued, "and he pitched her within and without with pitch."

—An old man named Joseph Bachler, was found dead in his bed at Chicago, on Thursday. A *post mortem* examination was held, and it was decided that he died from starvation. He was worth nearly $30,000, but lived in a miserable hovel, without fire or food, until he died from exhaustion.

—A pupil in one of the schools of Beverly, Massachusetts, was in the act of sitting down Tuesday afternoon week, when the earthquake shook the building, which the teacher attributed to the abrupt manner in which the lad took his seat, for which offense he was required to stand three quarters of an hour.

—A special from Yankton says, returns from two precincts of Red River, render the election of Armstrong, Democratic delegate to Congress certain, by about 150 majority. Two Republican candidates were run—Burleigh and Spink—and the vote was nearly equally divided between them. Burleigh announces his intention to contest.

—The Cincinnati *Inquirer* figures that as many as twenty thousand votes were cast by negroes in Ohio at the late election. As the Radical majority over the Democrats was 15,000, this shows that among the white voters of Ohio there is a Democratic majority of about six thousand. The Radicals owed their success entirely to their new negro allies.

—General Kilpatrick, a renegade from the Democratic ranks, who, as minister to Chili, brought scandal upon the American name, is in New York, making stump-speeches for the Radical party. His harangues are interlarded with cant and moral sentiments, but the people know this imposter, and his speeches will swell the vote for the Democratic candidates.

—Col. Wesley W. Garner, of Columbus City, Iowa, the Democratic candidate for the office of Auditor of the State of Iowa, carried his county, (Louisa,) at the late election, by a majority of 140 over Hon. John Russ, Republican, and late Speaker of the Iowa House of Representatives. This county gives a Republican majority of 850. Col. Garner is a native of Shrewsbury, Pa.

—Two remarkable incidents occurred the day General Lee died. A large portrait of the General, which was hanging in the parlor of his house, fell to the floor, breaking the heavy frame surrounding it. A large photograph of his hanging in the town, fell about the same time and broke into pieces. There was apparently no disturbing force or cause to produce these accidents. No one was in the parlor when the portrait fell but Mrs. Lee, who was sitting quietly in the room.

—A speck of trouble between this country and contumelious neighbors of the Canadian Dominion seems to be threatened in the matter of the interference with American vessels on the Fishing Banks by the Canadian "fleet" in that quarter. The warlike little tubs of this "fleet" are buzzing around American skippers in a suspicious sort of way, and reliance must be placed in the discretion, if not international comity, of the Dominion authorities for preservation of the peace between the two countries.

—A remarkable phenomenon occurred the day on which the earthquake was felt, about three miles east of Londonville, O., at a place called Stump's mill, and on a small hillside that has heretofore been dry ground. A stream of water about one foot in diameter gushed out in great violence, and has been running with the same force ever since.—The ground for a considerable extent around the water-spout is settling. A long pole has been inserted, but no bottom has been found. There seems to be an underground lake. It is causing considerable excitement.

—An alarming piece of intelligence, which must cause a thrill of horror through Europe and America, says Saturday's *World*, is conveyed to us from Bombay via London. A despatch has been received from the former city which states that a day has been fixed by the Chinese for the massacre of all foreigners in China, and that the Chinese are marching and distributing their troops accordingly. The natives have been suspiciously insolent of late, and there is much excitement among the English and French residents in China.

—It is reported that Dr. Edward Aiken, a prominent physician of Amherst, N. H., has recently been defected in an unfortunate financial irregularity. He had for a long time served in the capacity of Treasurer of the Orthodox Society of that town, and a few days since left for parts unknown, taking with him the cash funds of the society, amounting to about $400, and leaving behind him liabilities of nearly $2,000. The Doctor was a prominent officer of the Good Templar organization, and one of the most energetic temperance orators in the State.

The Bible in the Public Schools.

Decision By the New York State Superintendent in the Borley Case.

Michael Larkin vs. John H. France. This is an appeal from the following decision of J. H. France, one of the Trustees of School District No. 1, of West Horley: At this school there was a female teacher employed who read the Protestant version of the scriptures each morning at the opening of the school. Michael Larkin objected to his children hearing this version of the Bible read, and so he kept them from the school until after the reading. By advice of the Trustees the children were sent home, the teacher declaring to them that they must be present at the reading referred to or stay away all the day; whereupon Larkin, acting under advice of T. H. Westbrook, appealed to Abram B. Weaver, Superintendent of Public Instruction, who gives his opinion, of which the following is the substance:

"The object of the common-school system of this State is to afford the means of education to all the children within its borders. For their religious training the State does not provide and with it does not interfere. No distinction is to be made between Christians, whether Protestants or Romanists, and the conscience of none can be legally violated.

"There is no authority in the case to use, as a matter of right, any version of the regular school hours for reading any religious exercises at which the attendance of the scholars is made compulsory. On the other hand there is nothing to prevent the reading of the Scriptures or the performance of other religious exercises by the teacher in the presence of such of the scholars as may attend voluntarily, by direction of their parents or guardians, if it be done before the hour fixed for the opening of the school or after the dismissal of the school.

"Neither the common school system nor any other school system can be maintained unless the conscientious views of all are equally respected. The simple rule so to exercise your own rights as not to infringe on the rights of others, will preserve equal justice among all, promote harmony, and insure success to our schools. Common schools are supported and established for the purpose of imparting instruction in the common English branches. Religious instruction forms no part of the course. The proper places to receive such instruction are churches and Sunday schools. The money to support the schools comes from the people at large, irrespective of sect or persuasion; consequently by instruction of a sectarian or denominational character must be avoided, and teachers must conform themselves during school hours to their legitimate and proper duties."

THIS is what the Chicago *Republican* (Radical) thinks about contesting seats in Congress. One or two defeated candidates in this State might profit by its perusal:

We hope there is truth in the report that Gen. Schenck denies any intention to contest Colonel Campbell's seat in Congress. The race, as far as we can learn, was a fair one and a close one, and Schenck's defeat is much more honorable to him as it stands, than a seat in Congress obtained by the subterfuge of a contest would be. The business of "contesting" should be left to the Southern scalawags and Northern bummers who have monopolized it for the past few years. Nine contested cases out of ten have no other foundation than a belief that a partisan majority will decide without regard to merit or testimony; and in about nine cases out of ten, probably are men deprived of seats to which they are legally elected, but the government is robbed of very large amounts of money to foot the bills—for Congressional contests are very expensive things nowadays. Congress has latterly done much to discourage the prosecution of contests when there was little or no evidence to sustain them. We trust that at its next session it will inaugurate a reform in this matter. It is sadly needed.

—A wealthy lady of New York recently went through an extraordinary performance. She gave out her engagement to a gentleman in Washington, and the cards sent out, the guests came in numbers, many presents were sent in, the clergyman was ready, the bride waiting, but the groom came not. On an explanation being demanded of the astounded gentleman, it appeared that the whole thing was a delusion, or an invention of the lady's without the slightest knowledge of it on his part. It was a sad case of "marriage on the brain."

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—The undersigned Auditor, appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county to report distribution of the funds in the hands of Augustine Craver, Adm'r of Joseph Baum, dec'd, hereby gives notice that he will sit at his office in Ebensburg, on TUESDAY, the 29th day of NOVEMBER, 1870, at 2 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of attending to the duties of said appointment. Those interested are requested to attend.

WM. H. SECHLER, Auditor.
Ebensburg, Nov. 3, 1870.-3t.

NOTICE.—The undersigned, having been appointed by the Orphans' Court of Cambria county an Auditor to report distribution of the money in the hands of A. P. Luther and Henry Bender, Executors of Emerick Bender, dec'd, gives notice that he will sit for the purposes of his appointment, at his office in Ebensburg, on *Friday, the 4th day of November next*, at 2 o'clock, P. M., when and where the parties interested can attend if they think proper.

JOSEPH McDONALD, Auditor.
Ebensburg, Oct. 20, 1870.-3t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of Capt. Mark M'Laughlin, dec'd, late of Washington twp., Cambria county, have been granted to the subscriber residing in Summitville borough. Those having claims against said estate will please present them properly proven, and those indebted to the same are requested to come forward and make payment.

PAUL McKENNA,
Summitville, Sept. 27, 1870. Adm'r.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration upon the estate of William Gwinn, M. D., dec'd, late of Loretto borough, have been granted to the subscriber residing in said borough. Those having claims against said estate will please present them properly proven, and those indebted to the same are requested to come forward and make payment.

A. J. CHRISTY,
Loretto, Sept. 26, 1870.-6t. Adm'r.

LADIES' FANCY FURS!

JOHN FAREIRA
728 Arch St.,
Middle of the Block,
between 7th and 8th Sts., South Side,
PHILADELPHIA,
Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds and quality
FANCY FURS
FOR LADIES' & CHILDREN'S WEAR.

Having enlarged, remodeled and improved my old and favorably known Fur Emporium, and having imported a very large and splendid assortment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands in Europe, and have had them made up by the most skillful workmen, I would respectfully invite my friends of Cambria and adjacent counties to call and examine my very large and beautiful assortment of Fancy Furs for Ladies and Children. Furs determined to sell at as low prices as any other respectable House in this city. All Furs Warranted. No misrepresentations to effect sales.

oct.27.-3m. JOHN FAREIRA, 728 ARCH ST., PHILADELPHIA.

FIRE! FIRE!! FIRE!!!

DO YOU HEAR THAT, FIREMEN

AND ARE YOU PREPARED TO

OBEY THE SUMMONS

This you are not, unless you have bought your

Wolff's Clothing Store

and have bought one of the celebrated

FIREMAN'S COAT

to keep you warm and dry. Wolff has them at from $15 to $20, and will warrant them to keep out the rain for any length of time you want you to wear them. Call and see them at short notice.

☞ NO FIT, NO CHARGE. ☜

Mr. WOLFF has just returned from the East with a large and well selected stock of

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT

now contains the largest assortment of ready-made clothing in this market, consisting in part of all assortments and sizes of

SEASONABLE GARMENTS

FOR MEN AND BOYS,

EVER DISPLAYED IN ALTOONA.

☞ OVERCOATS in great variety, from Cheviot to the finest Beaver.

☞ Full Suits of Clothing at all prices, from Paris from $1 50 to $9. Vests in great variety, from $1 to $5. Also, a good and varied assortment of

NOTIONS & FURNISHING GOODS,

Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes,

UMBRELLAS, SATCHELS, TRUNKS, &c.

☞ In the LADIES' DEPARTMENT will be found a full stock of FURS, which have been placed under the charge of Mr. GODFREY WOLFF, next door to the Post Office, Altoona.

THOMAS CARLIN'S SONS,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

GROCERIES & QUEENSWARE,

WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,

STATIONERY AND NOTIONS,

FISH, SALT, SUGAR CURED MEATS,

BACON, FLOUR,

FEED AND PROVISIONS,

1523 Eleventh Avenue,

Between 13th and 14th Sts., Altoona.

All such goods as Spices, Pickles, Preserves, Willow Ware, Shoe Pegging Awls, &c., &c., will be sold from manufacturers' prices. Dealers will find it to their interest to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere, as we have the greatest advantage of location, and consequently lowest freights from the principal markets, and our charges are made accordingly. Dealers will be assured that my goods are of the best quality, my prices as reasonable as any house in the trade, my weights honest, and a liberal share of the patronage of retail dealers in Altoona and Cambria county and vicinity respectfully solicited and satisfaction guaranteed in all cases.

THOMAS CARLIN'S SONS.

Altoona, July 20, 1870.-tf.

GEORGE W. YEAGER,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

HEATING AND COOK STOVES,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION,

TIN, COPPER AND SHEET-IRON WARE,

OF HIS OWN MANUFACTURE,

And GENERAL JOBBER in Sheet-Iron Work,

and all other work in his line,

Virginia Street, near Caroline,

ALTOONA, PA.

The only dealer in the city who will sell the celebrated CHARTER OAK COOK STOVE, the most complete and powerful Store ever introduced to the public.

STOCK IMMENSE. - PRICES LOW.

SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.

SUBPŒNA IN DIVORCE.

JOHN KINSEY vs. CATHARINE KINSEY, Cambria County, No. 1, Sept. Term, 1870. Subpœna in Divorce. The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to the Sheriff of Cambria county, greeting: Whereas John Kinsey, of Cambria county, has complained to our Judges at Ebensburg, on the first Monday of September, A. D. 1870, that Catharine Kinsey, of the county aforesaid, on the eighteenth day of March, A. D. 1870, at Cambria county aforesaid, committed adultery with one Patrick Gallagher, and other persons to the said John Kinsey unknown, and prays for a divorce from the bonds of matrimony contracted with the said Catharine Kinsey, as is by the said complaint more fully appears. We therefore command you that you cause the said Catharine Kinsey to be and appear in your proper person before our Judges at Ebensburg, at the Court of Common Pleas there to be held for the county of Cambria, on the first Monday of December next, to answer the petition or libel of the said John Kinsey, and to show cause, if any she has or can, why the said John Kinsey should not be divorced from the bonds of matrimony aforesaid, and to do further and receive what to the Court shall seem meet in such case made and provided. And have you then and there this writ. Witness the Honorable George Taylor, President of our said Court, at Ebensburg, the 12th day of September, A. D. 1870, and of the Commonwealth the one hundredth year.

JOHN A. BLAIR, Prothy.

Attest—JOHN A. BLAIR, Sheriff.
Sheriff's Office, Oct. 13, 1870.

FIRST NATIONAL

Saddle & Harness Store

IN CAMBRIA COUNTY.

The subscriber has commenced business at his Old Stand on High street, West of the Public School House, Ebensburg, where he is manufacturing to order, and will fill all orders in the line at very reasonable prices. Desirous of retaining the patronage of former customers and the public generally, he would invite them to call, with a view to satisfy themselves, as I will positively keep none but the cheapest work the market affords. Repairing done on short notice, and orders from town or adjoining counties promptly attended to. Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon me, I hope by strict attention to business and a desire to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

Ebensburg, March 10, 1870.-tf.

GOOD FARM FOR SALE.

167 ACRES, 130 Acres of which are cleared and under good fence, will be sold on the most reasonable terms. The property is located in Allegheny township, Cambria county, Pa., on the road leading from Loretto to Carrolltown, and within two miles of the latter place, and three miles of the latter. The improvements consist of a comfortable DWELLING HOUSE, in excellent repair, a new BARN, and all necessary Out-buildings. There is also a good ORCHARD of choice fruit and a never-failing supply of pure water on the premises. The land is well covered with timber, and is in a good state of cultivation. For further particulars enquire of the subscriber, residing on the premises, or address him at Carrolltown, Cambria county, Pa. Terms easy. Possession given on the 1st of April next. Title indisputable. Will be sold on reasonable terms. Apply on the premises to

B. & C. SHOEMAKER.
Allegheny Twp., Aug. 18, 1870.-tf.

Cambria Freeman.

THURSDAY, : : : NOV. 3, 1870

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 40 Park Row, New York, and S. M. PETTENGILL & CO., 37 Park Row, New York, are the sole agents for the CAMBRIA FREEMAN in that city, and are authorized to contract for inserting advertisements at our lowest cash rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors with either of the above houses.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

Mishaps and Mishaps at and near Home.

—Two horses were stolen in Westmoreland county last week.

—We have fully recovered our health and hope to be up to time next week

—The dearest spot on earth is conceded to be the store that does not advertise.

—Two deer were killed by one shot near Hillsburg, Centre county, one day recently.

—Mr. Joseph Hogue offers his splendid farm in Allegheny township at private sale. See advertisement.

—Shields, the famous Altoona detective, is in jail on two charges of attempting to induce persons to commit perjury.

—A very terrific thunder storm, preceded as we are told by a heavy fall of hail, prevailed in this vicinity on Wednesday night.

—Jonathan Conrad, of Blair township, Blair county, is minus a valuable horse, which was stolen from his premises one night last week.

—A girl named Shepley, aged about 14 years, fell into the canal lock at Mifflintown, on Monday, while crossing on a plank, and was drowned.

—The air as we go to press is raw and chilly, with indications of rain or hail, or perhaps snow. We cannot hope to escape cold weather very much longer.

—Chas. E. Pugh, Esq., of Philadelphia, has been appointed General Agent on the Penna. Rail Road, to fill the position made vacant by the death of Geo. C. Franciscus, Esq.

—Mr. Samuel McAnulty, many years ago a resident of Ebensburg and proprietor of a hotel then known as the "Moose Stand," died in Zanesville, a few days ago, aged 70 years.

—A two and a half year old boy named George Garrett, of Hollidaysburg, was stricken with paralysis on Tuesday of last week, and died about three o'clock the following morning.

—Messrs. Shields & Son, of Loretto, announce the reception of their fall and winter stock of goods, and their desire to sell them at low prices. See their announcement elsewhere.

—Two lads named Willie Hodgson and James Crumble, aged respectively about twelve years, were crushed to death by a tree falling upon them in Westmoreland county on the 13th inst.

—Brother Swank, of the TRIBUNE, will please accept our thanks for his kind wishes in regard to our health, which we are glad to say we have fully recovered. Political dissensions should never end in personal animosities.

—Dr. D. W. Zeigler, Surgeon Dentist, who has failed to visit us for a couple of months, will positively be at the Mountain House, ready to attend to all needing his professional services on Tuesday, Nov. 8th and remain during the week.

—A man named John Miller fell dead at his residence, Cinder street, Millville borough, on Sunday last. As he had not been previously sick, his sudden death could only have been caused by heart disease, or some other equally fatal malady.

—Col. Jos. Morrison, late proprietor of the Exchange Hotel at Huntingdon, had one of arms so terribly crushed by a freight train at that place, on Monday evening last, that his hand had to be amputated; and his recovery is considered doubtful.

—We are sorry to learn of the death of Mr. Geo. Wike, brother of Messrs. Isaac and W. F. Wike, of this county, which occurred at the residence in Mechanicsburg, Indiana county, on Saturday week. The deceased was well esteemed by all who knew him.

—Simon Neely was struck on the head and instantly killed by a large rock, while at work in the Cambria Iron Company's lime quarry at Hollidaysburg, on Tuesday of last week. The rock was blasted by some miners immediately above him, who failed to give the unfortunate man before setting off the blast, and the result was that the missile came down upon his head, crushing him in a terrible manner, and causing death in a few minutes. The deceased leaves a wife and two children.

—Mr. Joseph Young, of Indiana, Pa., went hunting on Saturday last, but failing to find that day, search was instituted and his horse remains found in the woods near town the following morning, he having by some means, accidentally, no doubt, shot himself through the heart with a shot gun. The unfortunate man had his dog with him at the time, and the faithful animal was found guarding his dead body. Mr. Young's heart was literally full of twain. He was about 60 years of age, and leaves a wife and a grown up family of children.

—Mr. Wm. Williams, of this place, made a narrow escape from death or serious injury on Saturday. While engaged with others in getting up the heavy timbers at the new jail, he failed to let go the "shears" in time, and was swung out over the wall by the motion of the derrick, but fortunately clung to the rope until he came to the semi-circle, this flinging him back to the wall and relieving him from his perilous position. Had he lost his hold of the rope he would have fallen a distance of 25 feet, a fearful terrible injury if not instant death would have been the result.

—A terrible accident occurred at Hunting on Thursday evening. About five o'clock, passenger engine "Huntingdon," of the Pittsburgh and Broad Top Railroad, explode her boiler, while taking water, and Jerry Berry, employed as engineer hostler, was thrown a distance of twenty five feet and was instantly killed. His face and head were badly mangled. He leaves a wife and child. A boy named Daniel Heck, who was standing on the water, had his eyes and face frightfully injured by the steam, and is not expected to live—the engine was thrown down a ten feet embankment.

—The Huntingdon post office and Blair's store, both in one building, were burglarized to the extent of $200 in postage stamps and $30 worth of watches, pen knives, etc., across two registered letters and other valuables, on Wednesday night of last week. The robbers blew open a safe, helped themselves to its contents, and decamped, without leaving any clue by which they could be traced or arrested. On Friday night a widow lady named Barley, residing in the same place, was robbed of about $30 by burglars who entered her house and helped themselves to the contents of her purse.

TAX VOTERS.—We give below the vote of the several Republican districts in the Northern part of this county for Congress, and challenge any Democratic record in any other part of the State:

Township.	Speer.	Morrell.	Speer's Maj.
Allegheny	176	19	157
Carrolltown	248	25	223
Cambria	77	1	76
Chest	127	18	109
Clearfield	174	13	161
Ebensburg	106	32	74
Munster	51	2	49
Summerhill	103	5	103
Susquehanna	32	6	26
Washington	137	45	92
Wilmore	190	41	155
Total	1422	118	1224

VERY SORROWFUL DEATH.—We are exceedingly sorry to learn that a little child of our friend and neighbor, Mr. Peter Helfrich, of Plattville, this county, was scalded to death, on Saturday last, by falling into a kettle of boiling cider which had just been placed upon the floor by some of the family who were engaged in boiling apple butter. We did not learn the age or sex of the child, nor any other particulars of the accident than what we have given.

GONE EAST.—A. J. Christy, who runs the popular cheap store in Loretto, has gone East to purchase a large and seasonable stock of goods, and we know our friends there will look out for his return when Andy "comes marching home."

OFFICIAL CHANGES.—During the past week the Commissioners' Office and Poor House, two of the best abused institutions in the county, have each experienced the outgoing of an old and the incoming of a new official.

On Friday last John A. Kennedy, Esq., of Carrolltown, retired from the Board of Commissioners, his term of office having expired, and Francis O'Friel, Esq., the newly elected member, of Loretto, was duly sworn in. The Board now consists of Messrs. Maurice Mc Namara, James E. Neason and Francis O'Friel. At the same meeting the new Board appointed John A. Kennedy, the retiring member, Clerk to Commissioners, John E. Scanlan, Counsel and A. D. Criste, of Munster township, Mercantile Appraiser. It is due to Mr. Kennedy to say that he performed the duties of the position he has just vacated as became an upright, efficient and obliging officer, and his appointment as clerk to the Commissioners is a deserved tribute to a worthy gentleman. Mr. O'Friel needs no word of commendation from us. No man who knows him doubts his honesty, integrity or fitness for the position to which he has been elected.

On Monday, at the regular monthly meeting of the Poor House Directors, Mr. John D. Thomas, of this place, laid aside the robes of office, and Mr. Peter H. Berg, of Cambria township, became a member of the Board, which is now made up of Messrs. Christian Snyder, John Blochand Peter H Berg. These gentlemen, we are pleased to say, have not deemed it necessary to make any new appointments but have continued Col. B. M'Dermitt as steward, Dr. Wm. Lemmon as physician, B. Kinkead, Esq., as treasurer, and Shoemaker & Oatman as counsel. This is as it should be, and in the case of Col. M'Dermitt we deem the action of the new Directors as particularly worthy of all praise. It is a simple act of justice to a worthy man who has done all that mortal could do to perform his unpleasant duties with strict honesty and fidelity. As regards Mr. Thomas the retiring member, we feel that the calm judgment of his fellow citizens will bear us out in saying that he made an efficient, faithful and honest officer. True that, in common with the other members of the Board, he has been subjected to the most violent abuse and misrepresentation, but thro' all he has continued to perform his duties in accordance with his own sense of right and justice, and if he erred in any particular, as we all must err, it was an error of the head and not of the heart. Mr. Thomas was the first to urge and bring about the removal of the insane paupers to the Insane Asylum, where they could be properly treated, and for that act alone, if for no other, he deserves to be gratefully remembered. Mr. Berg, the incoming member, is an honest, intelligent farmer, and he will not betray the trust reposed in him.

MERITED SUCCESS.—It affords us extreme pleasure to learn that Mr. Thomas Garland, wholesale and retail grocer of Altoona, is rapidly winning his way to an extensive and we hope profitable patronage in this county. If there is any man above ground that deserves to meet with success that man is Mr. Garland. We know him as a friend and a business man, and in all our acquaintanceship we have found him true to his word, faithful to his promises and prompt, honorable and obliging in all his dealings. He can and does offer inducements to retail dealers and others which even city merchants cannot surpass, and we cannot too earnestly recommend him to all our readers who may desire to purchase any goods in his line. Give Mr. Garland one trial, and if you don't find him the right man with the right stock of goods and the right disposition to deal rightly with you, just set it down as a fact that we have deceived you, and hereafter place no confidence in any of our representations. But we will risk our veracity on Mr. Garland all the time.

A POPULAR INSTITUTION.—The handsomely arranged and immensely stocked store of M. L. Oatman & Co. is every day becoming more popular with the people, and there is no question but what it deserves all the patronage that can be bestowed upon it, for it not only contains almost every article that any one could wish to purchase, but the worthy managing proprietor and his efficient assistant are always prompt, liberal and obliging in their intercourse with customers, and never fail to sell goods as cheap if not a little cheaper, than any other dealer in the county. We feel sure that those who deal with Oatman & Co. will never have reason to find fault with the treatment given them, the goods furnished them, or the prices charged them, and hence we solicit for this popular dry goods and grocery house a fair share of public patronage.

SUPREME COURT CASES.—The following cases from this county were disposed of last week in the Supreme Court at Pittsburgh:

Krise vs. Noel et al. Argued. Reade for Plff. in Error; Johnston for Deft. in Error.

Hewley et ux vs. McCue. Argued. Lucas and Johnston for Plff. in Error; Potts and Pershing for Deft. in Error.

Christy vs. Christy. Non. Pros.

Burgoons vs. Calvin et al. Argued by Scott for Plaintiff in Error; Johnston for Deft. in Error.

McDermitt vs. Hoffman. Continued.

Crum et al vs. Kerr et al. Argued. Reade for Plff. in Error; Johnston for Deft. in Error.

FINE STOCK.—Capt. Murray, of the firm of Lemmon & Murray, has just been laying in their full supply of drugs, medicines, stationery and fancy goods of all kinds, and a peep at the stock is evidence enough of the fact that they have now a larger and finer assortment than has gladdened their establishment for many a day. In the sale of fine jewelry and fancy articles L. & M. have acquired quite a brisk trade, and they have therefore purchased a great variety of such goods in order to meet the increasing demand among the ladies and others. They keep a magnificent assortment of such articles, and sell them very cheap.

A SUGGESTION.—As there seems to be a desire among all classes of our citizens to see the tower of the new Catholic church in this place completed, and, if possible, a town clock put in it, we would suggest the holding of another Fair this winter as the most agreeable and certain method of raising funds for finishing the tower, if nothing else. Something is needed to enliven our town, and we think a Ladies' Fair would be just in order. What say our fair friends and other parties interested in the matter?

BOUND TO TRY IT.—Harry Shoemaker went East last night to buy him a stock of goods, and there is no doubt but what his selections will be first class. With this new stock the Messrs. Shoemaker are determined to try the virtues of the cash system, and from this time forward will do business on that basis or else not do it at all. Cash in hand or produce delivered is to be their motto in the future, and in order to make everybody "see it," they are going to sell at prices unprecedented for cheapness.

MAGICAL COFFEE POT.—Hay & Bro., Washington street, Johnstown, presented "Rob Roy" with a magical coffee pot a few days ago. No matter what you put in it, coffee comes out.—What else would come out of a coffee pot? Hay & Brother keep all kinds of stoves, pipe, eave spouting, tinware, Japaned ware, etc., and sell dogged cheap. Jack says so. They have a large warehouse and a store room, both full of ware which they will sell cheap. They are clever men. Give them a call.

ELECTRICITY CURES CHRONIC DISEASES!—Send for a pamphlet containing miraculous cures of obstinate chronic diseases—many performed upon some of the most eminent citizens in Western Pennsylvania.

The celebrated Specher Battery, with full instructions for use, for sale. Address

DR. G. A. SPRECHER.

Pittsburgh Electrical Institute, 25 Penn Street, Pittsburgh, Penn'a.

CLOTHING.—V. S. Barker does some loud talking this week in our paper about his new stock of clothing, but he wouldn't go to the expense and trouble of doing so if he hadn't something to brag about in that line and wasn't determined to sell at prices that are sure to tempt all persons to buy who call and see how well he can fit them in good clothing for fall and winter wear.

MORE GOODS.—C. T. Roberts, who is never behind time in anything, has added very extensively to his stock of jewelry, stationery, notions and fancy goods, within the past few days, and has a full variety of beautiful articles in his line which our readers will do well to examine and then purchase what they need. Cham sells good goods at fair prices all the time.

BEAUTIFUL.—Handsome indeed is the display of silver plated ware at the mammoth emporium of Geo. Huntley, and persons wishing to buy a fine article for a wedding gift, holiday gift, or any other make a wedding gift, holiday gift, or any other kind of a gift, or who want articles of the kind for their own use, should not fail to go and see the fine array of silver ware on exhibition in Huntley's extensive show case.

A GOOD THING.—E. J. Mills, the popular flour and feed man, has become agent for a patent safety lamp, which takes down anything in the lamp line ever yet invented. It is absolutely safe from explosion and breakage, gives twice as much light as ordinary lamps, uses 38 per cent. less oil, creates no odor and will last a lifetime. Go and see it.

Local Correspondence.

JOHNSTOWN, Oct. 31, 1870.

Dear Freeman—Mr. Jacob Wertz, of Conemaugh township, informs me that he has an apple tree on his farm, seventy years old, the trunk being larger than a salt barrel, that has not failed to bear apples for 26 years, and which this year bore sixty-eight bushels of apples. Of the old orchard, which was planted in 1797 and transplanted in 1800, a large number of trees still stand, but do not bear much. The Harshbarger orchard, the Horner orchard, and an orchard which stood where Johnstown now stands, were all planted about the same time that this one was set out.

The Cambria County Teachers' Institute is to be held in a small Welsh church in this place, on the 19th day of December, and continue for four days. We apprehend there will not be a large turnout of teachers, but there will be enough to fill that Walnut street church. Why not get one of the aristocratic churches? Don't the aristocracy support the good cause of education?

The writer hereof entertains hopes that the publisher of the *Freeman* will be on his pins again when this letter reaches him. It is a great misfortune to be effected with the quinsy, as it is almost sure to make an annual attack. Our sympathies are hereby forwarded.

The dedication of the German Catholic church brought together an immense assemblage on last Sunday. Tickets of admission sold readily for 50 cents, and the church was crowded. Rain set in about eleven o'clock, which dispersed the people, but did not chain admittance. Still there was a large crowd inside the spacious building. A train consisting of seven cars arrived from Altoona about nine o'clock, crowded with visitors from Hollidaysburg, Altoona, and other places. Two brass bands, one from Hollidaysburg and one from Altoona, accompanied these visitors, and were joined by the Johnstown band at the station, when the whole crowd marched in procession to the church, where about fifteen hundred people were assembled. High Mass was celebrated at 10½ o'clock, by Rev. Innocent, from St. Vincent's, lately from Rome. An address was then delivered in German by Rev. John Sommer, O. S. B., of St. Vincent's who was upon this occasion Deacon of the Mass and orator of the day. The dedicatory services were then solemnized by the Right Rev. Bishop Domenec, whose address was very admirable and well received. These services were assisted by Father Gregory pastor of the church, Rev. Resch, from Wheeling, Va., Rev. Scheil, from Altoona, Rev. Father Andreas Hintenaugh, O. S. B., of St. Vincent's, and others. Prater Sebastian Arnold, of St. Vincent's, was Master of Ceremonies. Charles Vaughivig, jr., was the leader of the choir and discharged his duties with great credit. The following societies were present: The Fourteen Saints' Benevolent Society, Altoona; St. Michael's Society, Hollidaysburg; St. Georges Society, Cambria borough; St. Joseph's Society, Conemaugh borough, and St. Peter's Society, Johnstown. The pews were not all in, but four rows, or eighty pews, were put down. About forty more pews will yet be put in the church. The stained glass windows were in place, and the light thus refracted shed a somber hue over the audience. The exercises were solemn and impressive, while the crowd was quiet and thoughtful. The heavy shower of rain outside seemed to add additional sanctity to the occasion, and the whole service passed off with perfect satisfaction.

Bishop Domenec confirmed a large number of children at St. John's Church on Sunday afternoon. A large number of spectators were present.

From a decision of the Supreme Court, as published in the "Legal Journal," we learn that a decision in regard to the courts at Scranton would also disturb the Johnstown District Court Judges in regard to their right to hold office. It appears that judges must be *elected* and not *enacted* to office; also, that a judge already holding an office is ineligible. What will become of all the cases that have been adjudicated by an illegal tribunal? Will they be considered *in statu quo ante bellum*? Will the Supreme Court order new trials when the cases come up? Or will the *Legislature legalize* what they could *not legalize*? Or will the parties *rest* their cases? Will the Governor appoint the same judges until an election is held? Will these judges try their cases over again? Can they try their own cases? Will the Governor appoint other judges? Can the Town Hall corporation draw rent for accommodating an *illegal, mock* court? What a nice mess all these consequences would create. We still think our court is legal, for Judge Taylor said at the opening ceremony, that "It was a place where justice is judicially administered," and the Judge would not lie.

As I write the dahlias are waving in the wind and tapping at the windows. Not bad for October 31st.

ROB ROY.

ALTOONA CITY, Oct. 31, 1870.

Friend Mac—If not asking too much, I would like to occupy a brief space in your columns for the purpose of expressing the sincere sorrow which I, in common with his many friends, feel at the death of Mr. James B. Stanley, who departed this life in Tyrone on Tuesday last, Oct. 25th. Cold, heartless and unfeeling as the world may be, there are some men whose memories deserve to be kept ever green—men who have fought the battle of life manfully, and, dying, left behind them "footprints on the sands of time." Such a man was James B. Stanley, who, after months, nay, years of suffering has yielded to a disease especially terrible to a man of his age and activity—Consumption. Mr. S., like all other frail mortals, had his faults and his enemies, but he also had many shining virtues and hosts of earnest friends, and his death is the prime of life called forth not a few regret in the hearts of all who knew him only to esteem him for his manly virtues. As a writer for the public press he displayed more than ordinary taste and talent, his letters being sharp, sarcastic, and always interesting. He corresponded for nearly all the papers, of both political parties, in this and Huntingdon counties, and it was a rare occurrence that one or more of these journals did not contain articles from his pen. He had, indeed, just completed a communication for the Hollidaysburg *Register* when the implacable hand of death removed him to the great forever and brought deepest grief to his fond and loving wife, three interesting little children, and his aged and doting parents. Oh! Death, could you not have spared the dear object of so much tender solicitude?—could you not have withheld the cruel shaft which pierced the heart of one who had so much to live and labor for in this world? But no, thou art too unfeeling a tyrant to stay the hand of affliction it is thy province to lay upon all the human race, and as thou hast not spared him to whom I could have wished a long and prosperous life, I can only say, Farewell, departed friend, and peace be to thy honored ashes.

The new Public School House in the First Ward was dedicated to educational purposes on Thursday last, but owing to the inclemency of the weather the attendance of our citizens was not as large as was hoped for. By the way, our public schools, for some reason, do not seem to be so popular as in former years. Why this is so I am not prepared to answer, but if owing to incompetency or mistakes in their management, it is high time that a change for the better should be inaugurated. In the Associations denominational schools have sprung up on all sides, and now nearly every church in the city has a thoroughly organized school of it own.

Rev. R. M. Wallace, pastor of the First Presbyterian church, delivered a most able and instructive lecture last evening under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association of this city. He was complimented with a large audience, and all were greatly edified and gratified by both his remarks and his manner.

The Vigilant Engine House is rapidly approaching completion, and when finished it will be the finest building of the kind in the State. In some future letter I will endeavor to give a description of this really superb structure.

T. I. M.

FALL TRADE.—The following New Goods have just been opened at Mayer's New York Dry Goods, Millinery, and Clothing Stores, 252 and 254 Main street, Opera House, Johnstown:

French Merinos, every shade, from	75c. to $1.50
Irish Poplins, every shade, from	75c. to 1.25
Corded and Plain Alpacas	25c. to 75
Best Assortment of Black Alpacas,	30c. to 1.25
Gorgeous Plaids, largest stock in town	40c. to 1.25
Plain and Corded Black Silks	1.50 to 4.50
Empress Cloth, all colors,	65c. to 1.00
Chinchilla Beavers for Sacks and Cloaks	2.00 to 5.00
Black Beavers, in great varieties,	1.75 to 6.00
Figured Changeable Poplins	50c. to 1.50
Children's Sets of Furs	2.50 to 10.00
Misses' Sets of Furs	3.50 to 12.00
Ladies' Sets of Furs	4.00 to 50.00
Children's Trimmed Hats	1.00 to 3.00
Misses' Trimmed Hats	1.25 to 3.50
Ladies' Trimmed Hats	1.50 to 10.00
Bonnets of every shape and size	2.00 to 15.00

From the smallest to the largest OSTRICH FEATHERS, of every color, and FLOWERS, we have the finest stock ever brought to this town. Our *Flannel and Blanket Department* is certainly one of the largest West of Philadelphia, and we intend to increase our sales of the above goods by our unusual low prices. We also have on hand 500 pieces of Prints, which will be sold at the very lowest city prices.

P. S.—In connection with the above we have one of the finest stocks of Ready-Made Boys' and Mens' CLOTHING, which goods were bo't entirely for *cash*, and consequently can be sold at the *lowest* figures. In this immense establishment every department is separate, but with ready access from one to the other. Remember the New York Dry Goods and Clothing Hall.

I FEEL.—I feel, I feel like going to N. F. Carroll's Store, No. 215 Main street, Johnstown, and purchasing thirty dollars' worth of dry goods and groceries. I feel like the morning star when I think of his choice dress goods. Shoo fly, don't bother me, when I am buying goods from Carroll, because Carroll keeps such patterns as would make even the morning star feel prouder. Call and purchase some of his latest styles. Buy a dress for your wife, sister, daughter, or mother immediately.

A GOOD MARKET.—Johnstown is a good market for all kinds of produce and the store of Leopold & Brother, No. 241 Main street, Johnstown, is a good place to get bargains in the made-up clothing line. Suits made to order and fits warranted. Made-up clothing of every style and just the thing for the fall and winter season. Sunday dress coats, pants and vests as cheap and as fine as can be bought anywhere.

OUR SYSTEM OF PRACTICE.

The medical world has become divided into so many different cliques, isms and pathies, that our peculiar system of practice may need some explanation, it being the ECLECTIC connected with UROSCOPIA.

Our remedies are principally vegetable, discarding entirely the use of CALOMEL or MERCURY IN ANY FORM, believing it to be a disease creating agent of the worst description.

We are also opposed to the use of general blood letting in any case, believing it to be injurious to the constitution, and oftentimes injurious to life.

Our mode of detecting "chronic affections" of the internal organs, is principally by an examination of the URINE.

During the whole course of our study and practice we have paid particular attention to this old "German Mode" of detecting disease, and we feel perfectly safe in say that "there is no more certain sign offered in disease" than is presented in that secretion.

Therefore, we now more especially invite all those laboring under any lingering disease that has not been cured, because, perhaps, the complaint was not properly understood, to send a vial of their urine for examination, and have the necessary medicines sent them. We wish it distinctly understood that this "special" invitation is given to those who have sufficiently tried the remedies of their family physician, and have failed to obtain relief at his hand.

This is our privilege and right as a physician, and it is the right and privilege of the afflicted to obtain their professional advice and medicine where they choose. Our office and residence is at No. 132 Grant Street, Pittsburgh, where if any others choose to apply we will give them our best medical attention, and will promise them relief in every case where a reasonable hope can be entertained.

DRS. L. & T. H. GOLDSHUE.

THE BEAR.—Look out for the bear at L. Cohen & Brother's Hat Parlor, where the furs that warmed a bear, or a mink, or an otter, can be purchased very low. Cohen & Brother keep open at No. 227 Main street, Johnstown, where they sell hats and caps, cuffs and collars, furs and furnishing goods of all descriptions, and at all prices, and of all sizes, shapes, qualities, styles and names. Don't suffer with cold when there are furs to warm you.

AURORA.—The Northern Lights were so brilliant a few nights ago as to enable M. H. Mayer to sell ready-made clothing till near midnight, at his famous old stand, No. 214 Opera House, Johnstown. Mr. Mayer keeps superb clothing for men and boys. He has coats, overcoats, vests, pants, shirts, and all other kinds of made-up clothing of the very best material and cheap for cash. Kind reader, you cannot do a better thing than call on Mayer.

MRS. PARTINGTON.—This old lady told "her" that the late earthquake had disturbed the equanimity of the pulls and enabled James J. Murphy to sell more ready-made clothing at his famous old stand, No. 209 Clinton street. If one should be dissatisfied with the cash there is nothing like taking a good supply of clothing along for uncertain weather, and James J. Murphy is the man to sell you everlasting clothing at very cheap rates, considering the war call.

SWEET HOME.—There is no place like home, but even home can be made sweeter by decorating it with the goods and prices goods from Murphy's Store, Mansion House Corner, Johnstown, where all the fashions are fully represented and where every kind attention is paid to the comfort of the customer. Call on John J. Murphy and have a talk about his new styles and patterns, and don't be afraid about buying. Now is the time for bargains.

STONEROAD'S CATHARTIC SYRUP, used in all cases instead of Rhubarb, Epsom Salts, Castor Oil, &c. Highly flavored. Pleasant to take. Children like it. Price 50 cents. Wholesale, R. K. SELLERS & Co., 55 Wood Street, Pittsburgh, Pa. [June 16, 1870.-1y.]

DIED.

GEORGE—On last Sunday morning, at his residence in Washington tp., Paul George, aged about 75 years. Mr. George's father settled in this county between fifty and sixty years ago. He came from one of the Eastern counties, but we cannot name it. The deceased was a gentleman of most amiable and kindly disposition, and of admitted integrity of character—honest and upright in all his business transactions, and in every act of his life pure and beyond reproach.

THREATENING LETTER PUBLISHED.

The following letter, which explains itself, has been received at the

New York Branch Store,
MAIN STREET,
Opposite Cambria House, Ebensburg:

OCTOBER 27th, 1870.

MESSRS. M. BAMBERGER & CO.—This unexpected message may somewhat surprise you, though as a friend I think it my duty to inform you of the fact that a certain party intends putting out your store within five days, if you do not pack up and leave town. Take timely by the forelock. (signed) M. T. H.

Now M. T. H. might stand for "M. T. Head," (empty head,) or, as an Englishman would say, it might stand for "Most Too Ill anxious," but whatever or whoever it stands for, it gives us pleasure to inform our readers that Bamberger &

NEW YORK BRANCH STORE!

encouraged by the great rush of customers that have visited it since it has been opened in our town, will remain here for a short time yet, in order to enable every one to get the

BEST CLASS OF GOODS
Much below Regular Prices!

BAMBERGER & CO. have received, in addition to their well selected stock, many NEW GOODS, such as

Table Linens, Bedspreads, Blankets,
NAPKINS, TOWELS, TIDIES,
Alpacas Shawls, Balmoral Skirts,
Fancy Goods, &c., &c.,

All of which have been bought FAR BELOW THEIR REAL VALUE at very large

NEW YORK BANKRUPT SALES!
AND POSITIVELY
MUST BE SOLD
AT THE
New York Branch Store
ON MAIN STREET,
Opposite the Cambria House. EBENSBURG

GOOD NEWS!
NEW GOODS!

The undersigned, having received and opened a splendid assortment of

Fall and Winter Goods,

consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Tweeds, Jeans, Waterproofs, Dress Goods of all kinds, such as French Merinos, Alpacas, Lustres, Delaines, Armures, Prints, &c., &c. Also, an endless variety of Shawls, Veils, Gloves, Hosiery and Fancy Articles for ladies' wear, together with a choice stock of

MADE-UP CLOTHING, HATS, CAPS,

Boots, Shoes and Rubbers; a full assortment of FRESH GROCERIES; Hardware, Queensware, Dye Stuffs, Patent Medicines, &c.; CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, and all other articles of merchandise usually kept in a country store. All these goods we pledge our word to

SELL AT VERY LOWEST PRICES,

and are determined to give as good bargains as any dealer in town or country.

☞ Thankful for past favors, we hope to merit a continuance of the same liberal public patronage in the future. P. H. PHILLIPS & SON.

Loretto, Pa., Nov. 3, 1870.-tf.

NOW FOR A GOOD INVESTMENT—VALUABLE FARM FOR SALE!—The well known and highly cultivated FARM owned and occupied by the subscriber, located in Allegheny township, Cambria county, about one-fourth of a mile from Kaylor's Station and one-and-a-half miles from Loretto, is offered for sale on easy terms and at a fair price. Said FARM contains **150 ACRES**, more or less, in the very best condition, and the improvements are first class, consisting of a two story BRICK DWELLING HOUSE, containing seven rooms and well finished throughout, two *Barns*, both in good repair, a *Frame Carriage House, Wash House*, and all other necessary outbuildings. The water on the premises is abundant and of the very best quality.

☞ Taken all together, this is one of the most desirable properties in Cambria county, and only needs to be seen to be appreciated. Any person, therefore, wishing to purchase a good Farm on the mountain will do well to call on the subscriber, who is desirous of selling and is willing to give a good chance to any one wishing to purchase. JOSEPH HOGUE.

Allegheny Twp., Nov. 3, 1870.-3m.

THAT'S WHAT'S
THE
MATTER!
THE
LARGEST!
BEST!
FINEST!
AND MOST
COMPLETE!
And Varied
STOCK OF
Ready-Made
CLOTHING
EVER SEEN INSIDE THIS
OBSCURE VILLAGE
--OF--
EBENSBURG!
IS NOW
OPENED OUT!
AT
V. S. BARKER'S
CHEAP
CASHSTORE
GO TO BARKER'S
Clothing Store.

THIS PARAGRAPH ALONE
MAY
SAVE
YOU
THE
Subscription Price
OF THIS PAPER
For a Whole Year.

Ten years of hard work and hard knocks, have organized in Philadelphia the largest and most compete Clothing House in America, if not in the

WHOLE WORLD.

By constant endeavors, we have avoided all the old cuts and antiquated methods of the trade, until now Oak Hall is universally acknowledged to be

AN EXCEPTION

The Reasons are:—

1. We have built a house for our business, covering nearly half an acre.
2. Instead of wedging it in between other buildings, making it dark, and obscuring the goods, it is built on a corner of three streets, and any one may count in it 251 windows.
3. We employ skilled workmen, One Hundred and Fifty of whom may be seen under our roof by any one having time and curiosity to visit our Establishment, and besides these, 1400 to 1800 sewers are employed at their own homes.
4. We make up no imperfect goods.
5. We thoroughly sponge and shrink ALL our goods.
6. We purchase our goods at first hands, in large lots,--sometimes in bills of over $100,000 at one time.
7. We set our faces against every species of unfair dealing, and will dismiss any employee in any way guilty of it.
8. We have such enormous sales that we are content with a profit far below the trade margin.
9. We warrant all our goods, and will give every possible guarantee to purchasers at Oak Hall.

The above are facts that no one can truthfully dispute, as the examination we so cordially invite, will fully prove.

We ask the encouragement and support of all classes of people, feeling sure that in establishing in Philadelphia the

Largest Clothing House in America,

We enlist the patronage of all who are interested in the prosperity of our Commonwealth.

WANAMAKER & BROWN,
OAK HALL BUILDINGS,
S. E. cor. Sixth & Market Streets.
Nos. 532, 534, 536 Market St.
" 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11, 13 South Sixth St.

New Advertisements.

OCTOBER, 1870.

J. & P. COATS'
BEST SIX CORD
IS NOW THE
ONLY

Thread put up for American market which is

SIX-CORD IN ALL NUMBERS.
From No. 8 to No. 8 to No. 100 inclusive.

FOR HAND & MACHINE.

TRAVELERS'

LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANY, of Hartford, Conn. Cash Assets, $2,500,000. Grants LIFE and ENDOWMENT Policies of all approved forms. Ample security, low rates. Also insures against ACCIDENTS causing death or total disability. Policies written by the year or month. Has paid $750 per day for ... years in benefits to policy-holder.

THE PRACTICAL FARMER.—The leading Agricultural Monthly of the United States—containing 32 quarto pages; is recommended to Farmers everywhere as a thoroughly reliable and well illustrated Agricultural and Horticultural Journal. It is largely made up of original matter, and devoted to Stock Raising, Grain Growing, the Dairy, Orchard, Vegetable and Market Gardening, Grazing, Rearing and Fattening Animals, a Veterinary Department, &c. Price $1.50 per annum, in advance. Sample copies supplied on application. Liberal terms to Agents and Canvassers, to whom bills, furnished on application to PASCHALL MORRIS, Editor and Proprietor, 18 North Thirteenth street, Philadelphia.

HOMES, HEALTH, HAPPINESS.—HOW TO BE OBTAINED FOR Five Dollars! PLANTATIONS, FARMS, VILLA SITES AND TOWN LOTS, at THE GREAT PREMIUM LAND SALE, Aiken, S. C. The "Saratoga of the South," 48 hours from N. Y. The most delightful climate in the world. Free from the rigors of Northern winters, exempt from Thrill Diseases. Vineyards and orchards in full bearing. For descriptive pamphlet address, with stamp, J. C. DERBY, Augusta, Ga.

$25 A WEEK SALARY!—Young men wanted as local and traveling salesmen. Address (with stamp) R. H. WALKER, 36 Park Row, New York.

ROYAL HAVANA LOTTERY. Prizes cashed and information furnished by GEORGE UPHAM, Providence, R. I.

HORRIBLE!—I suffered with Catarrh thirty years, and was cured in six weeks by a simple remedy, and will send the prescription free to all afflicted. T. J. MEAD, Drawer 116, Syracuse, New York.

UNITED SECURITY
LIFE INSURANCE & TRUST COMPANY
OF PENNSYLVANIA.

CAMBRIA COUNTY AGENCY.
E. H. PLANK, M. D., | GEO. A. BERRY,
Medical Examiner. | *Agent.*
Ebensburg, Pa.

☞ POLICIES NON-FORFEITABLE. [8-11.-tf.]

ESTATE OF JOSEPH REICHTER
ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Letters of Administration on the Estate of Joseph Reichter, late of Carrolltown, Cambria county, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, residing in said township. Those having claims against said estate will please present them properly proven for settlement, and those indebted to the same will please make immediate payment.

WILLIAM REICHTER,
Oct. 13, 1870.-6t. Administrator.

ESTATE OF JOHN KINGSTON, DEC'D.—*Administrator's Notice.*—Letters of Administration having been granted to the undersigned on the estate of JOHN KINGSTON, late of Conemaugh borough, dec'd, all persons having claims against said estate are hereby notified to present them duly authenticated for settlement, and all indebted are requested to make payment without delay.

THOMAS KINGSTON, Adm'r.
Johnstown, Oct. 20, 1870.-6t.

REMOVAL AND ENLARGEMENT.

COOKING STOVES, HEATING STOVES
TIN, COPPER & SHEET-IRON WARE.

Having recently taken possession of the newly fitted up and commodious building on High street, two doors east of the Bank and near opposite the Mountain House, the subscriber better prepared than ever to manufacture and articles in the TIN, COPPER and SHEET-IRON WARE line, all of which will be furnished buyers at the very lowest living prices.

The subscriber also proposes to keep a full and varied assortment of

Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves
of the most approved designs.

☞ SPOUTING and ROOFING made to order and warranted perfect in manufacture and material. REPAIRING promptly attended to.

All work done by me will be done right and on fair terms, and all STOVES and WARE sold by me can be depended upon as to quality and cannot be undersold in price. A continuance and increase of patronage is respectfully solicited, and no effort will be wanting to render entire satisfaction to all.

WILLIE LUTRINGER.
Ebensburg, Oct. 13, 1870.-tf.

JOHNSTOWN FURNITURE EMPORIUM
WM. P. PATTON,
Manufacturer and Dealer in
ALL KINDS OF
CABINET FURNITURE
Nos. 150 and 152 Clinton Street,
JOHNSTOWN, PA.

BUREAUS,	CANE CHAIRS,
BEDSTEADS,	WOOD SEAT CHAIRS,
WASHSTANDS,	KITCHEN FURNITURE,
FEDBOARDS,	BED LOUNGES

ROMANCE OF A BROKEN WHEEL.—A few years since a well known farmer, living near Olathe, started to Kansas City with a load of wheat. After fixing his two little motherless children as comfortable as possible until his return, with a good-bye kiss and many promises of good things to be brought back from Kansas City, he whipped up his team, and moved slowly along the ridge road east of Kenexa.

Now, farmer Joyce is a practical minded man; disbelieves in love, Cupid, spirits, good or bad, and is down upon what he terms "book larning." While jogging along, ruminating upon the probable rise and fall in grain, his wagon suddenly came to a full stop by one wheel breaking off from the axle. Joyce, being a practical man, put his ideas into practice, and was soon moving along with a rail dragging under the broken axle, with the wheel laid upon the top of his load:

"All for the best," thought he; "there may be a rise in grain before I get to town." So he hauled up at the next house on Indian creek and called for assistance. But the assistance he desired was not to be had, the farm having been owned and managed by a buxom widow and her little boy. But Joyce could leave its wagon there, so he could, and a little God would not hurt him, said the accommodating widow—all of which he agreed to, and straightway unhitched his team.

Now, whether fate had arranged the programme of the broken wagon wheel, we cannot say, but Cupid certainly had a hand in the sequel, for when the Johnson county farmer returned to his lonely children, between Olathe and Gardner, he took back the blooming widow as his wife. The contract was made and consummated within twenty-four hours. The affair caused no little gossip around the neighborhood, but the happy couple care little for what is said; like Barkis, both were willing and both are happy; perhaps more so than some we know of who courted seven years before marriage.—*Kansas City Bulletin.*

THE QUESTION ANSWERED.—Somebody—a man, of course—inquires why, when Eve was manufactured from the spare-rib, a servant wasn't made at the same time to wait on her? Somebody else—a woman, we imagine—replies in the following strain:

"But Adam never came whining to Eve, and with a ragged stocking on to be darned, collar string to be sewed on, or a glove to mend, 'right away, quick now!' Because he never read the newspaper until the sun went down behind the palm tree, and then stretching himself, yawled out, 'Ain't supper most ready, my dear?' Not he. He made the fire, and hung the tea kettle over it himself, we'll venture, and pulled the radishes, pealed the potatoes, and did everything else he ought to do. He milked the cows, fed the chickens, and looked after the pigs himself. He never brought home half a dozen friends to dinner when Eve hadn't any fresh pomegranates and the mango season was over. He never stayed out till eleven o'clock to a ward meeting, hurrahing for an out-and-out candidate, and then scolded because poor Eve was sitting up and crying inside the gates—never played billiards, rolled ten-pins and drove fast horses, nor choked Eve with cigar smoke. He never loafed around corner groceries when Eve was rocking little Cain's cradle at home. In short, he didn't think that she was specially created for the purpose of waiting on him, and wasn't under the impression that it disgraced a man to lighten a wife's cares. That's the reason why Eve didn't want a hired girl; and with it was the reason why her descendants did."

CURIOSITIES IN AMERICAN HISTORY.—American political history is full of curiosities and singular incidents. For instance, three of our Presidents, all of whom participated in the Revolution, died on its great anniversary, the 4th of July, viz: John Adams, Thomas Jefferson, and James Monroe. George Washington, when he retired from the Presidency, was in the sixty-sixth year of his age. His successor, John Adams, when he left, was sixty-six years old. After him came Thomas Jefferson, James Madison and James Monroe. Mr. Jefferson was sixty-six, Mr. Madison had just passed his sixty-sixth year, and Mr. Monroe was in his sixty-seventh, when they respectively left the Presidential office.

From 1810 to 1825, the Presidential office was filled by Virginians. During the same interval, with the exception of four years, the Vice-Presidential office was steadily held by citizens of New York. John Adams negociated the treaty of peace that concluded the war of the Revolution with England. His son, John Quincy Adams, was a leading envoy, and negotiated the treaty which ended the second war with England, in 1814. His son, Charles Francis Adams, at the third great crisis of our country, was our Minister to England during the recent war, from 1861 to 1865, the period which covers the Alabama claims question.

THE LOCAL PAPER.—What tells us so readily the standard of a town or a city as the appearance of its newspaper? And its youth or its age can as well be determined by the observing as by a personal notice. The enterprise of its citizens is depicted by its advertisements—their liberality by the looks of the paper. Some papers show a good, solid, healthy foundation, plethoric purses, and a well to do appearance generally; others show a striving to contend with the grasping thousands around them, trying hard to wrench an existence from their close fisted communities. An occasional meteoric display in its columns of telegraphic or local, or of editorial, shows what it could do if it had the means; but it cannot continue in the expensive work until support comes, which ought to be readily granted. A newspaper is like a church—it wants fostering at the commencement and for a few years; then, as a general thing, it can walk alone and reflect credit on its location. Take your home paper. It gives you more news of immediate interest than any other paper can possibly do. It talks for you when other localities belie you. It stands up for your rights, and you always have a champion in your home paper, and one that certainly deserves to be well sustained. Your interests are kindred and equal, and you must rise or fall together. Therefore it is to your interest to support your home paper—not grudgingly, but in a liberal spirit; as a pleasure and not as a disagreeable duty. It is an investment that will amply repay the expenditure.

THE meanest man in Ohio is a grape-grower, and lives on Catawba island. His crop was so large this year that he was obliged to employ a number of town girls to assist in gathering his grapes, and who, he discovered, were so fond of grapes that they would occasionally eat a few. To prevent this the grape grower came to town and purchased a lot of wax which he presented to the girls and informed them they must "chaw that while picking."

JOHN GAY. . . . . WM. WELSH.

GAY & WELSH,

Successors to Gay & Painter,

WHOLESALE

Grocers and Commission Merchants

AND DEALERS IN

FLOUR, PRODUCE, FISH, SALT, CARBON OILS, &c., &c.,

362 LIBERTY STREET, - PITTSBURGH.

ROSADALIS

THE GREAT AMERICAN HEALTH RESTORER purifies the blood and cures Scrofula, Syphilis, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Diseases of Women, and all Chronic Affections of the Blood, Liver and Kidneys. Recommended by the Medical Faculty and many thousands of our best citizens.

Read the testimony of physicians and patients who have used Rosadalis; send for our Rosadalis Guide to Health Book, or Almanac for this year, which we publish for gratuitous distribution; it will give you much valuable information.

Dr. R. W. Carr, of Baltimore, says:

I take pleasure in recommending your ROSADALIS as a very powerful alterative. I have seen it used in two cases with happy results—one in a case of secondary syphilis, in which the patient pronounced himself cured after having taken five bottles of your medicine. The other is a case of Scrofula of long standing, which is rapidly improving under its use, and the indications are that the patient will soon recover. I have carefully examined the formula by which your Rosadalis is made and find it an excellent compound of alterative ingredients.

Dr. Sparks, of Nicholasville, Ky., says he has used Rosadalis in cases of Scrofula and Secondary Syphilis with satisfactory results—as a cleaner of the blood I know no better remedy.

Samuel G M'Fadden, Murfreesboro', Tenn, says: I have used seven bottles of Rosadalis and am entirely cured of Rheumatism; send me four bottles, as I wish it for my brother, who has scrofulous sore eyes.

Benj. Bechtol, of Lima, O., writes: I have suffered for 20 years with an inveterate eruption over my whole body. A short time since I bought a bottle of Rosadalis and it effected a perfect cure.

Rosadalis is sold by LEMMON & MURRAY, Ebensburg, and Druggists generally. Laboratory, 61 Exchange Place, Baltimore. CLEMENTS & CO.,

April 7, 1870. 1y. Proprietors.

PETER CAMPBELL'S IMPROVED

BEE HIVE.

The undersigned has secured letters patent of the United States, dated December 14, 1869, for an improvement in the construction of Bee Hives, and claims for his invention advantages possessed by no other heretofore patented.

The principal feature of this Bee Hive is the arrangement by means of which it is thoroughly ventilated, thus precluding the possibility of the bees smothering, the comb moulding or the honey souring. This desirable end is accomplished by a vertical perforated tube, running centrally through the hive and open at the top and bottom. All persons interested in apiculture will at once see the great advantages secured in this improvement. The ventilator is for the increase of bees.

The peculiar construction of the box, particularly in the arrangement of the inner compartments, whereby it can be cleaned at any time without disturbing the bees, is another valuable improvement which will be obvious to any person who examines this Hive. An examination of the workings of the bees or the condition of the interior can be made at any time, as the sides are cased with glass. Bees can be transferred from a different hive to the improved one without any difficulty whatever. It would require too much space to enumerate here all the advantages claimed in this invention, but full information will be promptly furnished by applying in person or by letter to the patentee. I am now prepared to dispose of territory for the sale of the Improved Bee Hive in any portion of the United States.

PETER CAMPBELL,
Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.

AUTOMATIC RAILWAY GATE

The patentee of the above has also invented and patented an AUTOMATIC RAILWAY GATE, to which he invites the attention of railroad men. Full information will be furnished on application, and Company Rights will be disposed of by the inventor. Address as above. [Jan.11.'70-tf.]

SLATE!

THE

TWIN CITY

SLATE COMPANY

Are prepared to furnish to Builders or Slaters their

VERY DARK BLUE COLORED SUPERIOR

ROOFING SLATE!

From their own Quarries, located in Northampton county, Penn'a, AT QUARRY PRICES. Samples may be seen, and communications addressed to

E. L. GOODWIN, Agent.

J. N. SHALLENBERGER, Pres't.

Office: BREWER'S BUILDING, DUQUESNE WAY, Cor. Eighth St., Pittsburg, Pa. [my 5-6m.

CONTINENTAL LIFE INSURANCE CO.

OF HARTFORD, CONN.

Samuel E. Elmore, Pres't. - - Francis D. Douglass, Sec'y.

THIS COMPANY ranks among the first class Life Insurance Companies doing business in Massachusetts, and by complying with the laws of that State, insures perfect safety to her Policy Holders. It grants 50 per cent loan of premium on Life Policies to its Insured, and by applying all the cash collected from its members to Insurance, gives the largest Insurance attainable for the amount of money invested. Its profits are divided among the Policy Holders, and its Dividends have never been less than 50 per cent., thus bringing the net cost of the Insurance within the most limited means, and affording the protection of a Policy on terms not excelled by any Company.

Trustworthy and reliable men are wanted to act as agents for this Company in Cambria and adjoining counties, and with such the most liberal arrangements will be made. To those who may be unacquainted with the business, full instructions and aid will be most cheerfully rendered whenever desirable or available.

COPE & JOHNSON,
Agents for Cambria County,
Johnstown, Pa.

HOME & NORTON, General Agents, 64 Fourth Avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. [apr.14.-1y.]

LOOK WELL TO YOUR UNDERSTANDINGS!

BOOTS AND SHOES

For Men's and Boys' Wear.

The undersigned respectfully informs his numerous customers and the public generally that he is prepared to manufacture BOOTS and SHOES of any desired size or quality, from the finest French calf-skin boots to the coarsest brogan, in the VERY BEST MANNER, on the shortest notice, and at as moderate prices as like work can be obtained anywhere.

Those who have worn Boots and Shoes made at my establishment need no assurance as to the superior quality of my work. Others can easily be convinced of the fact if they will only give me a trial. Try and be convinced.

☞ Repairing of Boots and Shoes attended to promptly and in a workmanlike manner.

Thankful for past favors I feel confident that my work and prices will commend me to a continuance and increase of the same.

JOHN D. THOMAS.

Ebensburg, April 28, 1869.

THE KIDNEYS!

The Kidneys are two in number, situated at the upper part of the loin, surrounded by fat, and consisting of three parts, viz: the Anterior, the Interior, and the Exterior.

The anterior absorbs. Interior consists of tissues, or veins, which serve as a deposit for the urine ann convey it to the exterior. The exterior is a conductor also, terminating in a single tube, and called a Ureter. The ureters are connected with the bladder.

The bladder is composed of various coverings or tissues, divided into parts, viz.: the Upper, the Lower, the Nervous, and the Mucous. The upper expels, the lower retains. Many have a desire to urinate without the ability; others urinate without the ability to retain. This frequently occurs in children.

To cure these affections, we must bring into action the muscles, which are engaged in their various functions. If they are neglected, Gravel and Dropsy may ensue.

The reader must also be made aware, that however slight may be the attack, it is sure to affect the bodily health and mental powers, as our flesh and blood are supported from these sources.

GOUT, OR RHEUMATISM.—Pain occuring in the loins is indicative of the above diseases. They occur in persons disposed to acid stomach and chalky secretions.

THE GRAVEL.—The gravel ensues from neglect or improper treatment of the kidneys.—These organs being weak, the water is not expelled from the bladder, but allowed to remain; it becomes feverish, and sediment forms. It is from this deposit that the stone is formed, and gravel ensues.

DROPSY is a collection of water in some parts of the body, and bears different names, according to the parts affected, viz: when generally diffused over the body, it is called Anasarca; when of the abdomen, Ascites; when of the chest, Hydrothorax.

TREATMENT.—Helmbold's highly concentrated compound Extract Buchu is decidedly one of the best remedies for diseases of the bladder, kidneys, gravel, dropsical swellings, rheumatism, and gouty affections. Under this head we have arranged Dysuria, or difficulty and pain in passing water, Scanty Secretion, or small and frequent discharges of water; Strangury, or stopping of water; Hematuria, or bloody urine; Gout and Rheumatism of the kidneys, without any change in quantity, but increase in color, or dark water. It was always highly recommended by the late Dr. Physick, in these affections.

This medicine increases the power of digestion and excites the absorbents into healthy action by which the watery or calcerous depositions, and all unnatural enlargements, as well as pain and inflammation, are reduced, and it is taken by men, women, and children. Directions for use and diet accompany.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Feb. 25, 1867.

H. T. HELMBOLD, Druggist:

DEAR SIR—I have been a sufferer, for upward of twenty years, with gravel, bladder, and kidney affections, during which time I have used various medicinal preparations, and been under the treatment of the most eminent Physicians, experiencing butlittle relief.

Having seen your preparations extensively advertised, I consulted with my family physician in regard to using your Extract Buchu.

I did this because I had used all kind of advertised remedies, and had found them worthless, and some quite injurious; in fact, I despaired of ever getting well, and determined to use no remedies thereafter unless I knew of the ingredients. It was this that prompted me to use your remedy. As you advertised that it was composed of buchu, cubebs and juniper berries, it occurred to me and my physician as an excellent combination, and, with his advice, after an examination of the article, and consulting again with the druggist, I concluded to try it. I commenced its use about eight months ago, at which time I was confined to my room. From the first bottle I was astonished and gratified at the beneficial effect, and after using it three weeks, was able to walk out. I felt much like writing you a statement of my case at that time, but thought my improvement might only be temporary, and therefore concluded to defer and see if it would effect a perfect cure, knowing then it would be of greater value to you and more satisfactory to me.

I am now able to report that a cure is effected after using the remedy for five months.

I have not used any now for three months, and feel as well in all respects as I ever did.

Your Buchu being devoid of any unpleasant taste and odor, a nice tonic and invigorator of the system, I do not mean to be without it whenever occasion may require its use in such affections. M. MCCORMICK.

Should any doubt Mr. McCormick's statement he refers to the following gentlemen:

Hon. WILLIAM BIGLER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. THOS. FLORENCE, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. C. KNOX, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. J. S. BLACK, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. D. R. PORTER, ex-Governor, Pennsylvania.
Hon. ELLIS LEWIS, Judge, Philadelphia.
Hon. W. A. PORTER, City Solicitor, Philadelphia.
Hon. JOHN BIGLER, ex-Governor, California.
Hon. E. BANKS, Auditor General, Washington, D. C.
And many others, if necessary.

☞ Sold by Druggists and Dealers everywhere. Beware of counterfeits. Ask for Helmbold's. Take no other. PRICE—$1.25 per bottle, or six bottles for $6.50. Delivered to any address. Describe symptoms in all communications.

ADDRESS,

H. T. HELMBOLD,

DRUG AND CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE!

594 Broadway, New York.

NONE ARE GENUINE

—UNLESS—

Done up in Steel Engraved Wrapper,

—WITH—

FAC-SIMILE OF MY CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,

—AND SIGNED—

H. T. Helmbold.

June 23, 1870.-1y.

1870. Fall Trade. 1870.

I am now prepared to offer

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS

TO CASH PURCHASERS OF

TIN, SHEET-IRON & COPPER WARE

EITHER AT

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

My stock consists in part of every variety of

Tin, Sheet-Iron,

COPPER AND BRASS WARES,

ENAMELLED AND PLAIN

SAUCE-PANS, BOILERS &c,

COAL SHOVELS, MINE LAMPS, OIL CANS, HOUSEFURNISHING HARDWARE OF EVERY KIND.

Spear's Anti-Dust

HEATING AND COOKING STOVES,

EXCELSIOR COOKING STOVES.

NOBLE, TRIUMPH AND PARLOR COOKING STOVES,

And any Cooking Stove desired I will get when ordered at manufacturer's prices.—Odd Stove Plates and Grates, &c., for repairs, on hand for the Stoves I sell; others will be ordered when wanted. Particular attention given to

Spouting, Valleys and Conductors,

all of which will be made out of best materials and put up by competent workmen.

Lamp Burners, Wick and Chimneys

WHOLESALE OR RETAIL.

I would call particular attention to the Light House Burner, with Glass Cone, for giving more light than any other in use. Also, the Paragon Burner, for Crude Oil.

SUGAR KETTLES AND CAULDRONS

of all sizes constantly on hand.

Special attention given to

Jobbing in Tin, Copper and Sheet-Iron,

at lowest possible rates.

WHOLESALE MERCHANTS' LISTS now ready, and will be sent on application by mail or in person

Hoping to see all my old customers and many new ones this Spring, I return my most sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage I have already received, and will endeavor to please all who may call, whether they buy or not.

FRANCIS W. HAY.

Johnstown, March 7, 1867.

GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES! *TO CASH BUYERS!*

AT THE EBENSBURG

HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE.

The undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Ebensburg and the public generally that he has made a great reduction in prices to CASH BUYERS. My stock will consist, in part, of *Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves*, of the most popular kinds; *Tinware* of every description, of my own manufacture; *Hardware* of all kind, such as Locks, Screws, Butt Hinges, Table Hinges, Shutter Hinges, Bolts, Iron and Nails, Window Glass, Putty, Table Knives and Forks, Carving Knives and Forks, Meat Cutters, Apple Parers, Pen and Pocket Knives in great variety, Scissors, Shears, Razors and Strops Axes, Hatchets, Hammers, Boring Machines, Augers, Chissels, Planes, Compasses, Squares, Files, Rasps, Anvils, Vises, Wrenches, Rip, Panel and Cross-Cut Saws, Chains of all kinds, Shovels, Spades, Scythes and Snaths, Rakes, Forks, Sleigh Bells, Shoe Lasts, Pegs, Wax, Bristles, Clothes Wringers, Grind Stones, Patent Molasses Gates and Measures, Lumber Sticks, Horse Nails, Horse Shoes, Cast Steel, Rifles, Shot Guns, Revolvers, Pistols, Cartridges, Powder, Caps, Lead, &c., Odd Stove Plates, Grates and Fire Bricks, Well and Cistern Pumps and Tubing; *Harness and Saddlery Ware* of all kind; *Wooden and Willow Ware* in great variety; Carbon Oil and Oil Lamps, Fish Oil, Lard Oil, Linseed Oil, Lubricating Oil, Rosin, Tar, Glassware, Paints, Varnishes, Turpentine, Alcohol, &c.

FAMILY GROCERIES,

such as Tea, Coffee, Sugars, Molasses, Syrups, Spices, Dried Peaches, Dried Apples, Fish, Hominy, Crackers, Rice and Pearl Barley; Soaps, Candles; TOBACCO and CIGARS; Paint, Whitewash, Scrub, Horse, Shoe, Dusting, Varnish, Stove, Clothes and Tooth Brushes, all kinds and sizes; Bed Cords and Manilla Ropes, and many other articles at the lowest rates for CASH.

☞ *House Spouting* made, painted and put up at low rates for *cash*. A liberal discount made to country dealers buying Tinware wholesale. GEO. HUNTLEY

Ebensburg, Feb. 28, 1867.-tf.

"Poor women are on every side, and orphans cry for bread, because husbands and fathers lived and died uninsured."

AMERICAN

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY

OF PHILADELPHIA.

Organized 1850.

ALEX. WHILLDIN, Pres't. JOHN S. WILSON, Sec.

All policies non forfeitable. All policies are payable at death or 80 years of age.

ECONOMY in management, CARE in the selection of risks, PROMPTNESS in the payment of death claims, and SECURITY in the investment of its immense funds, are rigidly adhered to and have ALWAYS characterized this Company.

J. FRANK CONDON,

Special Agent.

REVERE THE MEMORY OF *FRIENDS DEPARTED!*

MONUMENTS, TOMBSTONES, &c.

The subscriber still continues to manufacture of the best material and in the most workmanlike manner, at the

Loretto Marble Works,

all kind of MONUMENTS AND TOMBSTONES, as well as TABLE and BUREAU TOPS, and all other work in his line. None but the best American and Italian Marble used, and perfect satisfaction guaranteed to all cases at prices as low as like work can be obtained in the cities or elsewhere. Call and see specimens and judge for yourselves as to the merits cheapness of my work.

JAMES WILKINSON.

Loretto, March 12, 1868.1y.

UNION HOUSE,

EBENSBURG, PA., JEROME A. PLOTT, Propietor, spares no pains to render this hotel worthy of a continuation of the liberal patronage it has heretofore received. His table will always be furnished with the best the market affords; his bar with the best of liquors.—His stable is large, and will be attended by an attentive and obliging hostler. Jan 30, 1868.-tf.

EBENSBURG

DRUG AND BOOK STORE.

HAVING recently enlarged our stock we are now prepared to sell at a great reduction from former prices. Our stock consists of Drugs, Medicines, Perfumery, Fancy Soaps, Leon's, Hall's and Allen's Hair Restoratives, Pills, Ointments, Plasters, Liniments, Pain Killers, Citrate Magnesia, Ess Jamaica Ginger, Pure Flavoring Extracts, Essences, Lemon Syrup, Soothing Syrup, Spiced Syrup, Rhubarb, Pure Spices, &c.;

CIGARS AND TOBACCOS.

Blank Books, Deeds, Notes and Bonds; Cap, Post, Commercial and all kinds of Note Paper; Envelopes, Pens, Pencils, Arnold's Writing Fluid, Black and Red Ink, Pocket and Pass Books, Magazines, Newspapers, Novels, Histories, Bibles, Religious, Prayer and Toy Books, Penknives, Pipes, &c.

☞ We have added to our stock a lot of FINE JEWELRY, to which we would invite the attention of the Ladies.

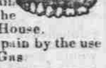
PHOTOGRAPH ALBUMS at lower prices than ever offered in this place.

Paper and Cigars sold either wholesale or retail. LEMMON & MURRAY,

July 30, 1868. Main Street, Ebensburg.

DENTISTRY.—The undersigned, a graduate of the Baltimore College of Dental Surgery, respectfully offers his PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity, which place he will visit on the FOURTH MONDAY of each month, to remain one week.

Aug 13. SAM'L BELFORD, D. D. S.

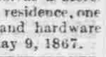


DR. H. B. MILLER,

Altoona, Pa.,

Operative and Mechanical DENTIST.

Office removed to Virginia street, opposite the Lutheran church. Persons from Cambria county or elsewhere who get work done by me to the amount of Ten Dollars and upwards, will have the railroad fare deducted from their bills. ALL WORK WARRANTED. [Jan. 21, 1869.-tf.



DR. D. W. ZIEGLER, Surgeon Dentist, will visit Ebensburg professionally on the SECOND MONDAY of each month, and remain one week, during which time he may be found at the Mountain House.

☞ Teeth extracted without pain by the use of Nitrate Oxide, or Laughing Gas.

JAMES J. OATMAN, M. D., tenders his professional services as Physician and Surgeon to the citizens of Carrolltown and vicinity. Office in rear of building occupied by J. Buck & Co., as a store. Night calls can be made at his residence, one door south of A. Haug's tin and hardware store. [May 9, 1867.

R. J. LLOYD, successor to R. S. BUNN, Dealer in *Drugs, Medicines, Paints, &c.* Store on Main street, opposite the "Mansion House," Ebensburg, Pa.

October 17, 1867.-6m.

W. W. JAMISON, M. D., Loretto, Cambria Co., Pa.

Tenders his professional services to such of the citizens of the above place and vicinity as may require medical aid [April 21. 1y.]

E. H. PLANK, M. D., tenders his professional services to the citizens of Ebensburg and vicinity. Office on High street, opposite the new Congregational church, East Ward. Night calls can be made at the late residence of Dr. R. S. Bunn, West Ward. [my12.]

D. M'LAUGHLIN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in the Exchange building, on the Corner of Clinton and Locust streets—up stairs. Will attend to all business connected with his profession.

Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN P. LINTON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.*—Office in building on corner of Main and Franklin street, opposite Mansion House, second floor. Entrance on Franklin street.

Johnstown, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

C. L. PERSHING, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Johnstown, Pa.* Office on Franklin street, up-stairs, over John Benton's Hardware Store. Jan. 31, 1867.

C. W. EASLY, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office, No. 108 Franklin street, Johnstown, Pa., two doors North of Frazer's Drug Store. Will attend promptly to all manner of legal business that may be entrusted to him.

A. KOPELIN, - - - - T. W. DICK,
Johnstown. Ebensburg.

KOPELIN & DICK, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office with Wm. Kittell, Esq., Colonade Row. [oct.22.-tf.

R. L. JOHNSTON, J. E. SCANLAN.

JOHNSTON & SCANLAN,

Attorneys at Law,

Ebensburg, Cambria co., Pa.

Office opposite the Court House.

Ebensburg, Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

F. A. SHOEMAKER,..... GEO. W. OATMAN

SHOEMAKER & OATMAN, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Offices on High street, immediately east of Huntley's hardware store. [ap 8,'69.

WM. H. SECHLER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in rooms recently occupied by Geo. M. Reade, Esq., in Colonade Row, Centre street. [aug.27

GEO. M. READE, *Attorney-at-Law*, Ebensburg, Pa. Office in new building recently erected on Centre street, two doors from High street. [aug.27.

JOSEPH M'DONALD,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office on Centre street, opposite Linton's Hotel. [Jan. 31, 1867-tf.

F. P. TIERNEY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row.

Jan. 5, 1867-tf.

WILLIAM KITTELL,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg, Pa.*—Office in Colonade Row, Centre street.

Jan. 31, 1867.-tf.

JOHN FENLON,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, *Ebensburg Pa.*—Office on High street, adjoining his residence. Jan 31, 1867.-tf.

JAMES C. EASLY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, *Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa.* Collections and all legal business promptly attended to. Jan 31, 1867.

T. R SCANLAN, *Attorney-at-Law*, Carrolltown, Cambria Co., Pa. All manner of legal business attended to promptly and carefully. Collections a specialty.

H. KINKEAD, *Justice of the Peace and Claim Agent.*—Office removed to the office formerly occupied by M. Hasson, Esq., dec'd, on High St., Ebensburg. [18.

$10 A DAY FOR ALL.—Stencil Tool samples mailed free. *A. J. Fidlam*, 845 Broadway, N.Y.

A SUPERB STOCK

OF ELEGANT

FALL GOODS

NOW OPENING AT

M. L. OATMAN & CO.'S

CHEAP CASH STORE!

No. 100 HIGH STREET, Ebensburg.

If fair prices and superb goods are what you want, the right men to deal with are M. L. Oatman & Co., whose Cheap Store is at No. 100 High st.

If you want to buy Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c., go to No. 100 High street, where there is a large stock at prices unsurpassed for cheapness.

If your mother, wife or sister wants to get the very best Sewing Machine in the market, tell her to buy the Grover & Baker, sold by M. L. Oatman.

If you want to buy Dry Goods, go to No. 100 High street, where you will get *better bargains* than at any other place in Ebensburg.

If you want to buy Queensware, Glassware, Hardware, &c., be sure and go to No. 100 High street, where a fine stock at low prices await you.

If you want to buy anything that can be bought in a first class store, and save money in the operation, Oatman & Co.'s Store is the place to visit.

If you want to buy Groceries of any kind, go to No 100 High street, where you can get fresher articles and pay less for them than elsewhere.

WHOLESALE

JANNEY & ANDREWS, 123 Market St. PHILADA.

GROCERS

TWO HUNDRED DAYS ON A FLOATING ICE FIELD.—The crew of the [illegible] Hansa; the companion vessel of the [illegible] mania, the principal vessel of the second German North Polar expedition, [illegible] just returned to Germany, after the loss of their vessel, and passing extreme hardships. The two vessels went out from Bremerhaven in June, 1869, the second Germania under the command of Captain Koldeway, and the sailing ship Hansa under the command of Captain Hegemann. The following telegram was received in Bremen, dated Copenhagen, Sept. 1:

"The Hansa was crushed by ice on the 19th of October, 1869, on the east coast of Greenland, in 71 degrees north latitude. The crew are saved and in good health, in Copenhagen.

HAGEMANN."

The crew arrived by the ship Centaur, thirteen persons in all. They gave the following account of their voyage and perils: "The Hansa was fast in the ice on the 6th of September, 1869, in seventy-four degrees north latitude, and seventeen degrees west longitude), and on the 19th of October (in seventy-one degrees north latitude, and twenty-one degrees west longitude), she was left by the crew, who took refuge with their [illegible] upon an immense ice field. They spent two hundred days upon the floating mass, partly in a house built of coal, partly in a small boat, and during this time were driven two hundred and fifty geographical miles southward. The ice field was at first seven (geographical or German) miles in circumference, but decreased day by day until at last it had a circumference of only two hundred yards. They finally got into the boats in the sixty first degree and after a seven days' voyage they arrived on the 13th of June at the settlement of Frederichsthal, from where to Copenhagen they came in the ship Centaur. The scientists, Drs. Zander and Bachoniz, are well, and now in Hamburg."

STRANGE FEAT IN SOMNAMBULISM.—The queerest somnambulistic feat we ever heard of is told by the Concord Patriot. A man had been a wedding at the house of Mr. James Ross, about seven miles from Concord, and when the guests had gone, Mrs. Ross went about the house to see that all was safe. She then put her baby to sleep and retired. She remembered nothing more until she awoke in the house of Mr. J. H. Hatch, in Concord, having risen from her bed and walked seven miles through mud and rain and asleep. Mr. Hatch, at an early hour, found her standing at his door, barefoot, and with her arms folded, asking that she might come in and rest.

Mr. Hatch hospitably showed the lady in, and she sat down and presently grew warm herself, called for a Bible, after breakfast, and finally laid down on a sofa, holding her head as if in considerable pain. She continued to sleep until noon, when she awoke in great surprise, and asked where she was and how she came there. Mr. Hatch gave her a dinner and kindly sent her home, where the family were soon in the woods and the river for the missing woman. The sister of Mrs. R. said that at three o'clock she heard the baby cry, and on going to the room found Mrs. R. sitting on the bed, dressed. So it must have been a twixt that time and seven that she made the seven miles walk in darkness, rain and mud. Mrs. R. has some times got up in the night and done house work, but his never as much in her waking hours, a fact [illegible] would compare with this.

EDUCATED LABOR.—Be assured that your child is denied an education, is doomed a life of sorrow and toil; a life long struggle for a bare existence; a life without hope or enjoyment.

Educated labor will always take the lead in the world. It will always command the best positions, and the ignorant plodder will be obliged to take what is left.

Fearful will be the account of those who denies his child the means of acquiring knowledge.

You cannot place too high a value upon the educational facilities at your command. Do you think that, because they cost you nothing, they are worth little?

Have you never felt the need of education in your own life?

If you have, do what is in your power to prevent your child from repeating your experience.

If you never have, then see that your children lead as happy a life.

You may leave them wealth, but this will take wings and fly away; learning will stay with them forever.

Remember, "knowledge is power."—Journal of Education.

BADLY SOLD.—Mr. A called on a farmer, and asked him the price of oats, and was informed that they were worth 35 cents per bushel. He agreed to pay 40 cents on condition that he be permitted to "tramp" them in the bushel. To secure the bargain, he paid for 12 bushels, and the next day went to his wagon and went after them. The farmer filled the half bushel, after which Mr. A. got in and gave a most vigorous "tramping," contracting their proportions considerably. The farmer thereupon tied the oats into the bag without filling up the measure. Mr. A. raved, but it was no use. The farmer had complied with his part of the agreement, and as an evidence, told Mr. A after he had measured the oats, he might "tramp" on them all day."

THE TANITE

EMERY WHEEL

FOR

Gumming Saws

IS THE

BEST SAW GUMMER

IN THE WORLD!

FOR SALE BY

GEORGE HUNTLEY,

Ebensburg, Pa.

A GREAT CHANCE To Save Money!

ALL PERSONS buying Goods after this date and paying CASH for the same, will be allowed TEN PER CENT. off the regular prices. No discount will be made unless CASH is paid down at the time of purchase.

☞ Come on! come all! and convince yourselves that MONEY CAN BE SAVED BY BUYING FOR CASH from

GEO. HUNTLEY.